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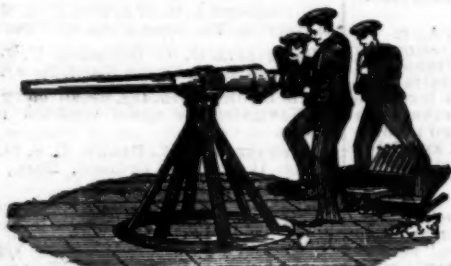
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PERSONAL ITEMS.

COLONEL J. K. MIZNER, 8th U. S. Cavalry, is a recent visitor in St. Paul.

CAPTAIN A. H. YOUNG, U. S. A., will return to Newport, Ky., next week from a short leave.

SURGEON-GENERAL JOHN MOORE, U. S. A., and Mrs. Moore are recent visitors to San Antonio.

LIEUTENANT D. H. BOUGHTON, 3d U. S. Cavalry, is expected at West Point for duty early in April.

COLONEL ELMER OTIS, 8th U. S. Cavalry, is on a tour through the Dakotas inspecting his regiment.

COLONEL HENRY DOUGLASS, 10th U. S. Infantry, who is at Wilkesbarre, Pa., is improving in health.

CAPTAIN S. M. MILLS, 5th U. S. Artillery, rejoined at Fort Monroe, Va., on Monday, from a short leave.

LIEUTENANT H. G. TROUT, 9th U. S. Cavalry, has taken charge of recruiting matters at Fort Wash-
hike, Wyo.

LIEUTENANT H. H. LUDLOW, 3d U. S. Artillery, is North from San Antonio, Texas, to spend a six weeks leave.

LIEUTENANT LUIGI LOMIA, 5th U. S. Artillery, left Fort Hamilton, N. Y. H., early in the week on a seven days' leave.

CAPTAIN JOSEPH GARRARD, 9th U. S. Cavalry, East on leave from Fort Niobrara, has had his leave extended one month.

LIEUTENANT R. M. ROGERS, 2d U. S. Artillery, rejoined at Fort Wadsworth, Staten Island, on Monday from a brief leave.

LIEUTENANT R. B. TURNER, 6th U. S. Infantry, rejoined at Newport Barracks, Ky., early in the week from a short post leave.

COLONEL ALEXANDER PIPER, 5th U. S. Artillery, rejoined at Fort Hamilton, N. Y. H., early in the week from a short leave.

LIEUTENANT T. H. ECKERSON, 19th U. S. Infantry, recently detailed for recruiting duty at Davis Island, is on a short leave.

CAPTAIN PHILIP READE, U. S. A., of Major-Gen. Crook's staff, is on an official visit to Fort Meade, S. D., and Fort Snelling, Minn.

GENERAL NELSON A. MILES, U. S. A., registered at the Brunswick Hotel, New York City, Saturday last, and met many old friends.

The General Court-martial at Fort Yates, for the trial of Captain Edward G. Fehet, 8th U. S. Cavalry, will not organize until April 5.

CAPTAIN F. A. BOUTELLE, 1st U. S. Cavalry, of Camp Sheridan, Wyo., is on a short visit to Washington, on Interior Department business.

LIEUTENANT C. P. TOWNSLEY, 4th U. S. Artillery, rejoined at Fort Adams, R. I., this week from a fortnight's visit to New York and vicinity.

GENERAL R. W. JOHNSON, U. S. A., delivered a lecture in St. Paul, March 14, for a charitable object, his subject being "Random Recollections."

MAJOR J. G. LORD, and Captain J. G. Ramsay, U. S. A., expects to leave New York Harbor this week, for a few weeks sojourn at Hot Springs, Ark.

CAPTAIN R. G. EBERT, assistant surgeon, U. S. A., now on leave at Vancouver, Washington, will shortly go to the Pacific Coast for duty at Angel Island, Cal.

MAJOR J. W. WHAM, Pay Department, U. S. A., who has been at the Ebbitt House, Washington, D. C., for some time past, has had his leave extended one month.

GENERAL WESLEY MERRITT, U. S. A., will soon transfer his headquarters from Fort Leavenworth to St. Louis, Mo., and doubtless he and his staff will not grieve at the change.

CAPTAIN E. L. RANDALL, 5th U. S. Infantry, lately visiting at Camden, N. J., has gone to St. Louis to conduct recruits to Texas and then join his company at Ruggold Barracks.

MAJOR THOMAS HARWARD, of Brooklyn, a veteran of the War of 1812, celebrated his 101st birthday early in the week. He was an eminent shipbuilder for many years and retired with a fortune.

COLONEL H. W. CLOSSON, 4th U. S. Artillery, rejoined at Fort McPherson, Atlanta, Ga., early in the week from a short visit to Washington as a member of the Board of Ordnance and Fortification.

MAJOR JOHN W. CLOUS, Judge Advocate, U. S. A., who has been on duty in Washington since May, 1886, is said to be much pleased with his detail, in August next, as Professor of Law at the Military Academy.

CAPTAIN JUNIUS L. POWELL, assistant surgeon, assigned to Fort Randall, S. D., has been in the Service for twelve years, and is regarded among the brightest and most popular officers in the Medical Corps.—*Pioneer Press*.

CAPTAIN C. A. BOOTH, Quartermaster's Department, U. S. A., and his wife, are spending the winter at the Occidental Hotel, in San Francisco. Mrs. Booth has been suffering from a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

FRED. MORSE TAYLOR, M. D., of San Antonio, son of the late Major Morse K. Taylor, U. S. A., was to be married on Monday of this week, March 17, at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., to Miss Kittle V. Brown, sister of Lieut. G. LeR. Brown, 11th U. S. Infantry, who is on college duty at Newark, Del.

COLONEL W. R. SHAFER, 1st U. S. Infantry, was expected to leave the Pacific Coast this week, to spend seven or eight weeks on leave. Friends in the East would be glad to see him. Lieut.-Colonel Bartlett, 1st Inf., has gone from the Presidio to Angel Island to command during his absence.

LIEUTENANT H. F. KENDALL, 8th U. S. Cavalry, is a recent visitor to St. Paul.

LIEUTENANT E. W. CASEY, 23d U. S. Infantry, is East from Fort Keogh, Mon., on a month's leave.

LIEUTENANT F. W. FOSTER, 5th U. S. Cavalry, will leave Fort Reno next week to spend the summer on leave.

CHAPLAIN S. M. MERRILL, U. S. A., who is at Jasper, Ga., has had his sick leave extended one month.

MAJOR JOHN I. RODGERS, 1st U. S. Artillery, of Gen. Miles's staff, visited friends in New York City this week.

GENERAL J. D. BINGHAM, U. S. A., has returned to Chicago from a two months' leave, spent mainly at Pensacola.

LIEUTENANT EDGAR RUSSEL, 3d U. S. Artillery, left Washington Barracks, D. C., on Thursday on a short leave.

COLONEL JOHN M. HAMILTON, 1st Cav., was in Chicago, Monday, March 17, and called at Division Headquarters.

GENERAL A. V. KAUTE, U. S. A., will leave Fort Niobrara, Neb., in a few days to spend April and part of May on leave.

LIEUTENANT G. S. CARTWRIGHT, 24th U. S. Infantry, is a recent addition to the commissioned circle at Davis Island, N. Y. H.

GENERAL C. L. KILBURN, U. S. A., visited in New York City this week and looked up old friends. He registered at the Gilsey House.

LIEUTENANT S. R. TOMPKINS, 7th U. S. Cavalry, of Fort Riley, is expected soon on a few weeks' visit to his parents at Governor's Island.

LIEUTENANT H. M. ROACH, 1st U. S. Infantry, undergoing medical treatment at Washington, has been relieved from duty at Fort Leavenworth.

PAYMASTER GENERAL WILLIAM SMITH, U. S. A., received his orders this week to report in Washington and enter upon the duties of his new office.

By request Capt. McCauley delivered an illustrated lecture on the Ute Indians on Saturday evening last at the Elm Street Mission, Chicago, 100 boys being present.

CAPTAIN J. M. THOMPSON, 24th U. S. Infantry, has established a temporary recruiting rendezvous at Providence, R. I., for the benefit of young military aspirants of that city.

CAPTAIN D. H. FLOYD, A. Q. M., and Lieut. H. S. Cole, 3d Inf., paid a flying visit to Chicago last Saturday to hear Patti and the Italian Opera Co. at the Auditorium, returning to St. Paul the next day.

MAJOR GENERAL JOHN M. SCHOFIELD, U. S. Army, came to New York on Friday to represent the War Department at the meeting of the Special Congressional Committee in connection with the landing place for immigrants.

By an inadvertence last week in referring to certain officers of the 1st U. S. Artillery, when the regiment was in New York Harbor, nearly 18 years ago, we spoke of General Vogdes as being on the retired list. General Vogdes died in New York City, Dec. 7, 1889.

POST CHAPLAIN J. A. M. LA TOURETTE, U. S. A., who will be retired for age on Sunday next, March 23, was appointed from New York in February, 1890, and has an honorable record of faithful service of over a quarter of a century. He is at present at Hot Springs, Ark.

At the request of the Chicago Academy of Sciences, Gen. Crook gave a very interesting lecture on the mode of warfare, family life, etc., of the Indian tribes of the United States at the Art Institute, Chicago, to a very appreciative audience Wednesday evening, March 12.

The following Army officers registered at the War Department this week: Col. A. Piper, 5th Art.; Capt. F. A. Boutelle, 1st Cav.; Major W. R. Livermore, Engrs.; 1st Lieut. G. N. Whistler, 5th Art.; Major Lewis Merrill, retired; Capt. J. H. Hurst, 12th Inf., and 1st Lieut. E. W. Casey, 22d Inf.

SOCIETY people regret the Army arrangements which withdraw Colonel and Mrs. L. L. Langdon and family from the Pacific coast. They will leave next month for Fort Hamilton, N. Y., where the colonel has been assigned to military duty. The lady and gentleman were pleasant host and hostess, and they and their son took a special interest in the success of the fortnightly hops given at the Presidio.

MAJOR-GENERAL JOHN M. SCHOFIELD, U. S. A., President of the Military Service Institution of the U. S. in the annual report for 1889, says: "The Executive Council takes pleasure in recognizing as worthy of honorable mention here 1st Lieutenant James C. Bush, 5th U. S. Art., for ability, fidelity and industry as treasurer and associate editor of the Journal." Lieut. Bush has been an indefatigable worker, as we happen to know.

MAJOR-GENERAL O. O. HOWARD, U. S. A., in his recent address before the Berkeley Lyceum on "General Grant and the Battle of Chattanooga," spoke of his last interview with Grant during the hero's fatal illness. He told of Grant's fortitude and Christian resignation; of his patient submission to the will of his Maker. "Taking his hand in mine as I said good-bye," said the speaker, "I asked the general if there was not something I could do for him. 'Nothing, Howard,' was his reply, 'only pray for me.'"

GENERAL WESLEY MERRITT, U. S. A., will contribute to the April number of *Harper's Magazine* an article entitled "Three Indian Campaigns," accompanied with maps and illustrated from drawings by R. F. Zogbaum. The campaigns are those against the Cheyenne, Apache, and Ute Indians. Gen. Merritt quotes and confirms the portion of a report by Gen. Sheridan, declaring that it would have been actually less expensive for our Government if an army of 60,000 or 70,000 had been maintained for the prosecution of these Indian wars; "and, moreover, the blood of gallant officers, soldiers, and citizens would not have rested on our hands."

MAJOR JAMES BELGER, U. S. Army, retired, is at Elms Hotel, Excelsior Springs, Mo.

GENERAL CHINCHILLA, the new Governor of Cuba, left Madrid on Wednesday for that island.

MAJOR CHARLES H. HOYT, U. S. A., retired, and family are at 123 Rue d'Antilles, Cannes, France.

MAJOR W. F. RANDOLPH, U. S. A., of Gen. Howard's staff, visited friends in Washington this week.

LIEUTENANT G. N. WHISTLER, 5th U. S. Artillery, returned to Staten Island on Thursday from a short leave.

CAPTAIN D. D. WHEELER, Assistant Quartermaster, U. S. A., has established his office at corner of 2d and Spring streets, Los Angeles, Cal.

LIEUTENANT W. H. ALLAIRE, 23d Inf., left Detroit last Saturday for Chicago to hear Patti in Italian opera and attend the second annual reunion of West Point graduates at the Leland Hotel March 15.

CAPTAIN D. F. STILES, 10th U. S. Infantry, has assumed command of the troops at Oklahoma City, Lieut.-Col. Simon Snyder having gone to Fort Marcy, N. M., to command that post and his regiment.

THE Baltimore Sun says: Dr. William P. Compton, a son of Representative Barnes Compton, of the 5th Maryland district, has been appointed acting assistant surgeon, U. S. Army, and will be stationed at the Military Academy. He will leave for West Point in a few days.

LIEUTENANT M. F. STEELE, 8th U. S. Cavalry, passed through St. Paul en route to Chicago early in the week, and the *Pioneer Press* says: "He is a good looking specimen of the Anglo-Saxon race, sturdy in figure and of medium height, with light-brown hair and wide-open gray eyes. His manners are gentle and gentlemanly, and his voice is particularly noticeable for its low modulation."

GENERAL SHERMAN is an original, says the Philadelphia Inquirer. He said to a friend of ours the other day who was talking to him about the delay in putting up the Grant monument: "That won't happen to me. I've bought my own monument and paid a thousand dollars for it. The minute I am buried it will be clapped on over me, and that will end the matter. I won't have any nonsense with my monument," concluded the rugged hero, and we fancy there won't be any, either.

In honor of Mrs. Wilson, wife of Gen. Thomas Wilson, U. S. A., who is stationed at Chicago, Mrs. P. L. Perine, 1920 Dodge street, gave a very charming Kensington tea, March 13. Many of the ladies present knew Mrs. Wilson when she was a resident of Omaha, Gen. Wilson having been stationed in this four or five years ago, and consequently it was an afternoon of reminiscence especially to the older residents. The day was thoroughly charming, an ideal Lenten occasion.—*Omaha Excelsior*.

Referring to a recent dinner of the Forty Club, of Chicago, the *Inter Ocean*, says: "There was a large attendance, and never was the club brighter or merrier than during the four hours which its members spent together. Captain Philip Reade, U. S. A., at present the club's 'baby,' contributed his full share to the pleasure of the company while enacting his infantile role, and allowed his eloquence to pour forth in a recital of events in the life of Sergeant James Fagin, U. S. A., events so touching, so pathetic, and still so tempered with humor and nobility that the story became a sermon as rich and pure as ever fell from the lips of a divine."

The *Pioneer Press*, referring to the appointment of Paymaster-Gen. Wm. Smith, U. S. Army, says: "The Minnesota Senators and other Minnesotians are much gratified. While other applicants for the place had, of course, their own special coterie of ardent supporters among the officers, Gen. William Smith is universally respected and liked, and not by a few beloved. Among the officers at the Headquarters Dept. of Dakota there was general joy, and the same is true of the best citizens generally, for so long has Gen. Smith been connected with St. Paul that he is regarded as one of the Simon-pure residents. The officers were unanimous in the opinion that President Harrison made the appointment solely on the ground of fitness and as a recognition of sterling worth and long and faithful service. Gen. Smith's record in the department is spotless, and is conspicuous for an intelligent administration of affairs intrusted to his supervision, circumstances that assure a successful career in his new and enlarged field. As a resident of St. Paul his modesty and sense of official fitness alone have prevented him from being a conspicuous figure. But his friends are legion, and not only in this city but throughout the Northwest, wherein he has made many arduous and not a few dangerous trips in pursuance of his official duties. Gen. Smith has a wife and family who will be welcome accessions to official circles in Washington, D. C. Mrs. Smith is a daughter of Col. J. H. McAlester, the St. Paul capitalist."

COMMODORE A. W. WEAVER, U. S. N., has returned to Norfolk, Va., from a trip to Washington.

PAYMASTER G. C. GOODLOE, U. S. Marine Corps, registered at the Grand Hotel, New York City.

MR. DEBREE HIGGINS, detail clerk of the Bureau of Navigation, is again confined to his home by illness.

PAYMASTER W. W. BARRY, U. S. N., was married March 11, at New Bedford, Mass., to Miss Nellie Medora Wade.

PAY DIRECTOR THORNTON is mentioned as a candidate for the position of Paymaster General and Chief of Bureau of Provision and Clothing.

CHIEF ENGINEER THOMAS WILLIAMSON, U. S. N., Supt. of State, War and Navy Department Building, was in Norfolk on Saturday last to attend the funeral of his aunt.

It is rumored that Lieut. T. B. M. Mason is the person the Secretary of the Navy has in view for the position of Asst. Secretary of the Navy in the event of the bill introduced in the Senate this week by Mr. Hale becoming a law.

ADMIRAL KIMBERLY has, it is reported, purchased a house in the city of Newton, near Boston, and will make that place his home.

COMMANDER MULLAN, U. S. N., responded for "The Army and Navy" at a banquet at Rennett's Hotel, Baltimore, on the 17th of March.

LIEUTENANT-COMMANDER W. H. EMORY, U. S. N., and Mrs. Emory, were presented to the Prince and Princess of Wales, March 4, at Buckingham Palace, London.

LIEUTENANT W. F. FULLAM, U. S. N., contributes to the *Illustrated American*, issued this week, an illustrated article entitled, "With the Squadron of Evolution, in Port Mahon, Toulon and Nice."

CAPT. JOHN F. MCGLENNY, Ensign E. E. Capehart, Lieut. H. O. Rittenhouse, Lieut. Comdr. E. H. C. Leutze, and Commodore J. S. Skerrett, registered at the Navy Department this week.

LIEUTENANT A. G. PAUL, U. S. N., who was ill several weeks at the home of his sister, Mrs. Willie Astor, in New York, was in Baltimore last week, where his Maryland Club friends gave him a warm welcome.

COMMODORE SKERRETT, U. S. N., commanding the Portsmouth Navy-yard, and Chief Engr. Henderson, of the Boston Navy-yard, are in Washington this week attending the meeting of the Naval Advisory Board.

ENSIGN FRANK KINSEY HILL, U. S. N., was married in New York City March 15, to Miss Anna Southmayd Dutton, daughter of the late Aaron R. Dutton, of Cincinnati. The ceremony took place at the residence of the bride's uncle, Mr. George Hoadley, of 33 East 59th Street.

LIEUTENANT SEATON SCHROEDER, U. S. N., who will command the *Vesuvius* if she is accepted by the Government, is prominent among the younger officers of the Navy because of his scientific knowledge. It is not well understood among the people that so far as theoretical comprehension of the science of defence and attack is concerned our Army and Navy officers are equal to any in the world. They have studied all the systems of the European Governments and have found nothing upon which they cannot suggest improvements. The American inventive genius is a part of their inheritance.—*Philadelphia Inquirer*.

THE President sent to the Senate on Friday, March 14, the name of Geo. Mackay to be a civil engineer in the Navy. There were 19 other applicants for the position, including two West Point graduates and two graduates of the Naval Academy. One of the latter was ex-Lieut.-Comdr. Ira Harris, Jr., son of the late U. S. Senator Ira Harris, of New York. He was strongly endorsed for appointment by the two New York Senators and also by Vice-President Morton. Mr. Mackay has a meritorious war record, and served as a master's mate in the Volunteer Navy. He is now the commander of Post 2, G. A. R., Department of the Potomac, and is a draftsman in the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department. The influence of the Grand Army aided materially in his selection. Grand Army men are felicitating themselves upon the consideration with which they have been treated under this Administration. Local Federal officials have preferred them whenever they could, and in this they have only followed the example set by the President.

It is related of the late Capt. Geo. B. White, U. S. Navy, that in boyhood he went "to learn the printer's trade in the office of the *Democrat*, at Doylestown, Pa. As was the custom at that day, a practical joke was played on the new apprentice, or 'devil,' as he was professionally known. He was sent to a neighboring office to borrow 'Gen. Taylor's platform.' When he announced his mission he was taken to the door, shown the marble block that received the water from the spout, and told that that was what he was sent for. He shouldered the 'platform' and walked away with it. On the street he met Capt. Henry J. C. Taylor, a violent Whig of that day, who said to young White, 'What's that you've got, my boy?' White replied, 'Gen. Taylor's platform,' and walked on. The captain, thinking the lad meant to insult him, answered in terms more vigorous than elegant. The 'platform' was delivered at the *Democrat* office, and was received with shouts of laughter by the other apprentices. Young White did not remain to finish his trade, for in 1854 his uncle, Gen. Smith, procured his appointment to the Naval Academy."

RECENT DEATHS.

ASSISTANT NAVAL CONSTRUCTOR CHAS. H. HEWES, U. S. N., who died March 18, at Norfolk, Va., from typhoid fever, was from Chester, Pa., and was graduated at the head of his class in 1882. He was then sent by the Government to Glasgow University and afterwards he took a year's course in France. He was regarded as one of the most brilliant and promising officers in the Service. The funeral took place March 19. A military cortege, consisting of marines, blue jackets, and a number of officers of the station and all the master workmen and clerks of the construction department of the Navy-yard, headed by the naval post band, accompanied the remains to the steamer by which the friends were taking the body to Philadelphia. The following acted as pallbearers: Naval Constructor Bowles, Asst. Naval Constructors Linnard and Baxter, Lieut. Fobiger and Ensigns Hulme and Breed.

CAPTAIN REUBEN M. POTTER, U. S. Army, retired, a veteran of long and faithful service, died March 18, at his residence in Brooklyn. He was appointed Military Storekeeper in the Q. M. Department, March 23, 1848, and for some time after that was private secretary to General Jesup. In 1861 he was at San Antonio when the post was surrendered to the Confederacy by General Twiggs, and afterwards

was assigned to duty in New York City. In 1866 his position gave him the rank of captain, and he was retired for age June 30, 1882. Captain Potter had a vast fund of knowledge concerning the history of Texas, and had literary tastes, being a frequent contributor to magazines, etc. Many will hear with regret of the death of this venerable gentleman and officer. The funeral took place on Friday.

THE *Washington Post* of March 10 says: "Mrs. Hopkins, widow of Judge A. F. Hopkins, who was an eminent jurist, and for many years a justice of the Supreme Court of Alabama, died yesterday morning at the Hillman House in this city. Mrs. Hopkins was one of the most distinguished women of the South, and was widely known for her many kind and charitable deeds. She was Miss Juliet Ople, daughter of Hiram Lindsay Ople, of Jefferson county, Virginia. While quite young, she married Captain Gordon, of the Navy. After his death she married Judge Hopkins, of Mobile. She was the mother of Mrs. Ayres, widow of Major General Romeyn B. Ayres, one of the most prominent corps commanders in the Army of the Potomac, and was with her daughter when she died."

MRS. REBECCA T. BROWN, widow of Col. W. H. Brown, U. S. A., and daughter of the Hon. Washington Townsend, died at the residence of her father in West Chester, Pa., March 18, 1890. The funeral services were held March 21. Owing to sickness in the family, the services and interment were strictly private.

A WASHINGTON despatch says: "The badly decomposed body of a man was found March 16, in the Potomac River. Mrs. Jones, wife of Benjamin A. Jones, the defaulting pay clerk of Major Goodloe, of the Marine Corps, identified the body as that of her husband, who has been missing since Christmas day."

FRANCIS H. BACON, Adjutant-General of the G. A. R., Department of California, who died March 7, at Los Angeles, was appointed acting ensign U. S. Navy, Sept. 15, 1862, and was honorably discharged Sept. 10, 1865. He was again appointed acting ensign March 29, 1866, but the appointment was revoked Dec. 2, 1868.

MATE JOHN MCMAHUS, U. S. N., who died March 14, at Portsmouth, Va., while on sick leave, was buried on Sunday last with military honors. He entered the Navy as mate in January, 1870, and had an excellent record.

CAPTAIN J. R. JENKS for many years an employee of the Quartermaster's Department, U. S. Army, at St. Paul, died March 16, of heart disease. He was a brother-in-law of ex-Secretary of War Alexander Ramsey.

MRS. SARAH P. HENDERSON, widow of Commander James L. Henderson, U. S. N., died at Norfolk, Va., March 13. Her husband resigned in 1861, joined the Confederate service, and has since died.

MONUMENT TO LIEUTENANT MOTT.

A TABLET to the memory of the late Lieut. Seward Mott, 10th Cavalry, was unveiled at Fort Leavenworth, Kas., with the following exercises: Opening Hymn, sung by Miss Crowell; "He Giveth His Beloved Sleep;" Lord's Prayer; Chant: Nunc Dimittis; Lesson, 1 thes. clv., v. 14; Appropriate Creeds and Collects; Hymn: "Nearer My God to Thee;" address by Lieut. Wm. Geo. Elliott, 9th Inf.; Hymn: "Oh Paradise, Oh Paradise." The tablet bears this inscription: "In memory of Seward Mott, 2d Lieut., 10th Cavalry; Born, August 21, 1861; Died, March 11, 1887. Killed in the line of duty, by an Apache Indian, at San Carlos, Arizona. Erected by his classmates of the U. S. M. A. and the officers of his regiment."

In the address on the occasion, Lieut. Elliott said in part:

Little did we strappings think what was in store for us, when, but a few years ago, we graduated from our Alma Mater, and sailed gayly down the Hudson, out into the world. After the trials of the past, life seemed full of promise. Bright enough was the prospect. If there was one of that hopeful throng happy, it was Mott. His hearty laugh still echoes in my ear. Little did he dream of the end soon to come. In the far-off territory of Arizona, by the hand of an Indian assassin, he was to lay down his life, in the service of the Republic. You, who knew Mott, well remember his personality: the kind, cheerful nature; the generous, manly instincts. They have themselves spoken to you throughout a comradeship of several years.

After describing the circumstances of Lieut. Mott's death, Lieut. Elliott continued:

A week afterwards, two Indian scouts arrested Nah-diz-az. He was bandaged, tried by the United States Court at Phoenix, Arizona, and sentenced to imprisonment for life. A penitentiary in Ohio was the place of confinement. In the spring of 1889 the U. S. Supreme Court, declaring that the case had been tried by a court without jurisdiction in the premises, the Indian was released and returned to the agency. Later he was re-arrested and tried by the Territorial Court, sitting at Globe, Arizona; convicted of murder in the first degree; sentenced to be hung, and on Dec. 27, 1889, was hanged. Thus did justice finally overtake this savage.

By this time I think you must have upon reflection arrived at the same conclusion that I have reached, and this conclusion is: That seeing Porter [his civilian assistant] shot while gallantly trying to arrest the Indian, and now pursued fleeing aloot; that having at first instinctively put spur to his horse and fled; now having in mind some unformed plan of rescue; actuated by some generous impulse; disdaining to think of safety at the expense of his honor, Mott threw himself from his horse to die that noblest of all deaths—to lay down his life for his friend.

This opinion I find is shared by Capt. Pierce, 1st Infantry, who, as I have before stated, was at this time Mott's commander. Let me quote from a letter received from him but a few days ago:

"ANGEL ISLAND, CAL., Feb. 28, 1890.

"DEAR ELLIOT: I have sent you by registered mail this day two photographs (taken and sent to me by Mr. Fox) of the execution by hanging of Nah-diz-az, the murderer of Lieut. Mott; also a copy of the *Silver Bell*, containing an account of the execution; also my subscription, which I beg to be permitted to add to the fund for erecting a tablet to poor Mott's memory. Of course, I am not a classmate, but I loved him as dearly as any of his class—oes. His life was worth that of all the Indians who have ever lived, or are now living. He was gentle, brave, generous, honorable, always the same, under all circumstances, full of energy, persistence and hope. His own noble feelings cost him his life, for he could have escaped without injury had not his generous impulses prompted him to go to the defence of

Porter when he was in danger after his attempted defence of Mott."

Poor fellow. His life is over, his career ended; but this tablet will, by its simple inscription, tell that he died in harness, doing duty for his country. Let his name be honored as though he had fallen on the field of battle in defence of his native land.

"No further seek his merits to disclose,
Or draw his frailties from their dread abode,
(They there alike in trembling hope repose,
The bosom of his father and his God."

Hard by is a memorial tablet to Lieut. Rucker, who also died to save the life of a fellow being. It will not be inappropriate, as a passing tribute to this brave man, to tell how he met death.

Lieuts. Henly and Rucker were encamped in a cañon in Lower Arizona. They had crossed to visit a neighboring camp, when a waterspout came down and formed in the cañon—ordinarily a dry wash—a raging torrent. In attempting to recross, Henly's horse was swept away, and with him went his rider. Rucker dashed back to the near bank, galloped to a point below, and as the drowning man passed by pushed in to save him. But the surge of waters carried also Rucker away, and both he and Henly were lost.

Around you stand other tablets to the memory of men who have died in the service of their country. Let us continually honor the memories of the brave; may the lustre of these tablets never grow dim; may they incite our generation and the generations yet unborn to do our duty by our country and our God. Whatever trials fate has in store, may we quit ourselves like men, and just so sure as we now live, when we come to die we will meet again beyond the great river.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

The Senate Committee on Naval Affairs as a reason for their favorable report on the bill for the relief of the sureties of Paymaster Doyle, say, that at the time of the deficiency, Paymaster Doyle was mentally irresponsible, but he has since been placed on the retired list of the Navy in consequence of such disability. His sureties should not have been made to suffer on account of his infirmity, and the passage of the bill is recommended.

Among the amendments made by the Senate to the urgency deficiency bill, which has now passed both Houses, and only awaits the adjustment of differences and signature of President to become a law, are the following: To pay the salary of an Assistant Secretary of War for the months of April, May and June, \$1,125; for continuing publication of rebellion records and for the compensation of such temporary expert services, \$50,000; for boats, blocks, furniture and cooage, and for purchase of stores for the new cruisers *San Francisco* and *Philadelphia* and the new gunboats *Concord* and *Bennington*, \$50,000.

At the meeting of the Senate Military Committee this week a favorable report was adopted on the bill (S. 3080) appropriating \$60,000 for the construction of storehouses at Omaha, Neb. The bills to extend Fort Abraham Lincoln and to restore Thos. J. Spencer, late captain 19th Cavalry, were reported adversely.

Should the House Committee on Military Affairs succeed in getting a day, April 2, as proposed, set for the consideration of business reported by it the chances for some favorable military legislation will be considerably augmented. Chairman Catoebon is quite hopeful of receiving this favor at the hands of the House, and if successful will endeavor to get his committee to agree upon a programme of action that will give promise of some good results. His plan will be to bring forward at first those measures least likely to develop opposition, and thus prevent the day from being wasted, which might be the case if some objectionable measure was given the lead.

Among the more important measures on the calendar for consideration in case the committee gets a day are the following:

H. R. 7493, to increase pay and allowances of officers who have served 20 years in one grade.

S. 378, to increase pay of privates of Hospital Corps.

H. R. 7996, to include non-commissioned officers in the existing laws in regard to the issue of certificates of merit to enlisted men.

H. R. 474, to transfer officers who have reached 64 years of age, from limited to unlimited retired list.

H. R. 28, to rearrange grades in Subsistence Department.

H. R. 477, relating to appointment to Army from civil life.

H. R. 3865, for the reorganization of artillery arm.

H. R. —, for a seacoast reserve.

The House Committee on Military Affairs at its meeting on Tuesday last, adopted favorable reports on bills H. R. 7990, amending the Articles of War 79 and 90, so as to limit the authority for ordering general courts-martial to the President, commanding general, division commanders, and prohibiting judge advocates from attending the close sessions of courts-martial; H. R. 124, granting to the Treasury Department the use of Fort Columbus and 15 acres adjacent thereto on Governor's Island, for the accommodation of immigrants; H. R. 85, directing that names of sharpshooters and Military Service Institution medalists shall be inscribed in Army Register, and authorizing the wearing of their decorations by such medalists, and on the bill for the relief of Theo. Ten Eyck.

A joint resolution requesting the Secretary of War to cause a further report to be made as to the practicability and approximate cost of tunnelling the Detroit River, at or near Detroit, Michigan, passed the House March 17.

The House Committee on Military Affairs in their report on S. 378, relating to the Hospital Corps, state that as the privates of this corps are required to furnish themselves with the new uniform adopted for the corps, the result is to deprive them of \$10.32 per month to which they would have been entitled, and justly so, had the act of March 1, 1887, establishing the corps, not been passed. The committee cannot believe that said act was intended to have such an effect, because these men, in addition to being required to work at all hours, both by day and night, in the most disagreeable and often times dangerous duties, are deprived of many of the privileges and recreations of ordinary soldiers.

The bill H. R. 7976, favorably reported upon, simply seeks to remedy a defect of legislation resulting from the use of the words "private soldiers" in the law. Secs. 1216 and 1235, Rev. Stat., authorizing the issue of certificates of merit to enlisted men. There is little doubt that when the sections referred to were enacted, the intention was that they should apply alike to privates and other non-commissioned enlisted men, but a strict construction of these two

sections has excluded from their benefits all corporals and sergeants and other non-commissioned officers, who certainly should not be the victims of so unjust a discrimination.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

S. 3080, Mr. Manderson. Appropriates \$80,000 for the construction of a military storehouse and offices for Army purposes at the Omaha military depot, Nebraska, and for other purposes.

S. 3097, Mr. Hawley. Authorizing the appointment of an assistant sword master at the Military Academy.

S. 3098, Mr. Hawley, and H. R. 8201, Mr. Cutcheon. That where by any of the Articles of War for the government of the Army, the punishment, on conviction of a military offence, is left to the discretion of the court-martial, the punishment shall not, in time of peace, be in excess of the limit thereof which the President may prescribe.

S. 3102, Mr. Gray. To permit the appointment of John W. Eckles, late captain, 15th U. S. Infantry, to his former rank and date of commission, he to be assigned to the first vacancy of his grade occurring in the United States Infantry.

S. 3103, Mr. Barbour, (by request.) Authorizing the Pneumatic Gun-Carriage and Power Company to build a siege-gun and disappearing siege-carriage for the War Department.

S. 3109, Mr. Turpie. To provide for the erection of a factory for the making, casting, and finishing of field-guns and other ordnance at the Government Arsenal grounds at Indianapolis, Indiana.

S. 3110, Mr. Gorman. To relieve Henry W. Freedley, late captain, 3d Infantry, and A. Q. M., U. S. A., from pecuniary liability to the amount of \$1,502.74.

S. 3146, Mr. Everts. To insure preference in appointment, employment and retention therein, in the public service of the United States, to veterans of the late war.

S. 3147, Mr. Hale. Providing for an Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

S. 3158, Mr. Blair. Granting an increase of pension of \$50 a month to Mrs. Ellen M. Thornton, widow of the late Capt. James S. Thornton, U. S. N.

S. 3160, Mr. Dolph. Provides that no statute of limitation, heretofore enacted shall be held or construed as a bar to or prohibit the adjudication of any properly authenticated claim for money due or for property lost in the military or naval service of the United States.

S. 3162, Mr. Hawley, and H. R. 8202, Mr. Cutcheon. That hereafter promotion to every grade in the Army below the rank of brigadier general, throughout each arm, corps, or department of the service, shall, subject to the examination hereinafter provided for, be made according to seniority in the next lower grade of that arm, corps, or department; and that the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to prescribe a system of examination of all officers of the Army below the rank of major to determine their fitness for promotion, such an examination to be conducted at such times anterior to the accruing of the right to promotion as may be best for the interests of the service: *Provided*, That if any officer fails to pass a satisfactory examination and is reported unfit for promotion, the officer next below him in rank having passed said examination shall receive the promotion: *And provided*, That should the officer fail in his physical examination, and be found incapacitated for service by reason of physical disability contracted in line of duty, he shall be retired with the rank to which his seniority entitled him to be promoted; but if he should fail for any other reason he shall be suspended from promotion for one year, when he shall be re-examined, and in case of failure on such re-examination he shall be wholly retired from the Army: *And provided further*, That all officers that have served as officers or enlisted men in the armies of the United States, regular or volunteer, during the war of the rebellion, shall, in case of failure on such examination, be placed upon the retired list of the Army; and no act now in force shall be so construed as to limit or restrict the retirement of officers as herein provided for.

S. 3167, Mr. Faulkner. Authorizing the appointment of Henry Haymond to the position of captain in the Army and to place him on the retired list.

H. R. 8049, Mr. Carter. To provide for the disposal of the abandoned Fort Ellis military reservation.

H. R. 8100, Mr. Crain. To provide for the purchase of the site of Fort Duncan, at Eagle Pass, Texas, and for the erection of buildings thereon for a military post.

H. R. 8104, Mr. Buchanan. To amend section 2160, R. S., so that the section will read: "Sec. 2160. Any alien of the age of 21 years and upward who has enlisted, or may enlist, in the Armies or Navy of the United States, either the regular or the volunteer forces, and has been, or may be hereafter, honorably discharged, shall be admitted to become a citizen of the United States upon his petition, without any previous declaration of his intention to become such; and he shall not be required to prove more than one year's residence within the United States previous to his application to become such citizen; and the court admitting such alien shall, in addition to such proof of residence and good moral character, as now provided by law, be satisfied by competent proof of such person's having been honorably discharged from the service of the United States."

H. R. 8277, Mr. Cutcheon. To increase the efficiency and reduce the expenses of the Signal Corps of the Army, and to establish the weather service in the Department of Agriculture.

H. R. 8280, Mr. Farquhar. Providing for the retirement of any enlisted man now in the service, who served either as a commissioned officer or enlisted man in the Army or Navy of the United States for the period of three months or more during the war of the rebellion and who has served twenty-five years in the Army or Navy, including service during the war.

H. R. 8282, Mr. Brosius (by request). To appoint all physicians who have served the Government of the United States as a medical officer during the late war, commissioned with the rank of major of volunteers, and are now serving as contract physicians, after proper examination, to fill the vacancies in the regular Medical Corps.

H. R. 8298, Mr. Harner. To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to reopen the Navy-yard at League Island, Pa., for the construction and repair of vessels of the Navy.

H. R. 8340, Mr. Spinola. That on and after the passage of this act promotion to the head of all staff departments of the U. S. Army shall be made by seniority; that is, the senior colonels shall become the brigadier generals at the head of their respective staff departments to fill vacancies occurring therein; and all laws or parts of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

H. Res. 124, Mr. Spinola. Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to take possession of Fort Columbus and 15 acres of Governor's Island for the establishment of Immigration depot.

H. Res. 126, Mr. McAdoo. Authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to remove the naval magazine from Ellis's Island, in N. Y. Harbor, and to purchase a site and erect a naval magazine at some other point.

THE ARMY.

BENJAMIN HARRISON, President and Commander-in-Chief.
REDFIELD PROCTOR, Secretary of War.

NOMINATION—MARCH 17, 1890.

Addit. 2d Lieut. Wm. Larister, 4th Art., to be 2d lieutenant Feb. 10, 1890, vice Babbitt, who resigns his line commission from the date of confirmation by the Senate of his appointment as 1st lieutenant in the Ordnance Department.

G. O. 1, H. Q. A., Jan. 2, 1890.

In accordance with the requirements of the Small Arms Firing Regulations, tables, exhibiting the results of the rifle, carbine and revolver firing of the Army for the target year 1889, and the comparative proficiency attained by the different organizations, are published for the information of the Army.

Co. H, 7th Infantry, having the highest "General Figure of Merit" for the year, is again awarded the Nevada Trophy, and the commanding officer of that company will hold it until the result of next year's firing is announced.

G. O. 26, H. Q. A., March 12, 1890.

The Manual of Guard Duty prepared by 1st Lieutenant Lyman W. V. Kennon, 6th Infantry, aide-de-camp, having been approved by the Secretary of War "for the government of all United States troops in the performance of guard duty," will be issued to the Army.

By command of Major-Gen. Schofield:
J. C. KELTON, Adjutant-General.

G. O. 27, H. Q. A., March 15, 1890.

By direction of the Secretary of War paragraphs 38 and 39 of the Regulations are amended to read as follows:

38. Post chaplains will be assigned and transferred to posts by the Secretary of War.

39. Division and department commanders will recommend such transfers from time to time of chaplains assigned to posts in their commands as may be deemed necessary for the best interests of the service.

By command of Major-Gen. Schofield:
J. C. KELTON, Adjutant-General.

G. O. 28, H. Q. A., March 15, 1890.

The following order from the War Department is published for the information and guidance of all concerned:

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON CITY, March 15, 1890.

1. Agreeably to the provisions contained in section 6 of an act of Congress approved June 18, 1873, making appropriations for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1879, and for other purposes, the Headquarters of the Department of the Missouri will, on or about June 1, 1890, be transferred from Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, to St. Louis, Missouri.

2. The public quarters at Fort Leavenworth, made vacant by the removal of department headquarters to St. Louis, Missouri, will be utilized for the Infantry and Cavalry School and the garrison of Fort Leavenworth.

REDFIELD PROCTOR, Secretary of War.
By command of Maj.-Gen. Schofield:
J. C. KELTON, Adjutant-General.

G. O. 20, H. Q. A., March 18, 1890.

By direction of the Secretary of War it is ordered that hereafter commanding officers at posts where General Courts-martial are convened shall, at the request of any prisoner who is to be arraigned, detail a suitable officer of the command as counsel to defend such prisoner. If there be no such officer available at the post the fact will be reported to the appointing authority for action.

By command of Maj.-Gen. Schofield:
J. C. KELTON, Adjutant-General.

CIRCULAR 2, H. Q. A., March 12, 1890.

The following decisions, rulings, etc., have been made during the month of February, 1890, and are published to the Army for the information of all concerned:

I. EXTRA-DUTY PAY OF POST-SCHOOL-TEACHERS.—The decision, published in Circular No. 10, from Headquarters of the Army, dated December 12, 1889, concerning the correct method of computing the amounts to be paid to soldiers employed on extra duty applies only to those who are embraced under the terms "laborers, workmen, and mechanics," as used in the act of June 15, 1886 (15 Stat., 77), which prescribes the number of hours which shall constitute a day's labor, and the Secretary of War concurs in the opinion of the First Comptroller of the Treasury, rendered October 21, 1874, to the effect that the terms "laborers, workmen, and mechanics," as used in the acts of Congress, are to be taken, according to their common acceptance, as embracing only those who are engaged in physical employments, and as excluding all others.—[Decision Sec. War, letter Feb. 14, 90—2536 A. G. O., 1890.]

II. CLOTHING FOR DESERTERS WAITING RESULT OF TRIAL.—Until after the determination of the trial of a soldier arrested as a deserter, he shall be required to wear the clothes worn by him at the time of his arrest, unless it should be imperative to issue other clothing, when only deserters' or prisoner's clothing shall be issued.—[Decision Sec. War, letter Feb. 15, 90—1058 A. G. O., 1890.]

III. TOOLS FOR POST GARDENS.—Until funds for the purchase of garden-tools shall become available, the amount of the cost of such tools as may be required for post gardens may be requested by an assessment, *pro rata*, upon the funds of the companies and detachments for whose benefit the garden is to be cultivated. The bakery funds cannot be expended for such purchases.—[Decision Sec. War, letter Feb. 15, 90—2594 A. G. O., 1890.]

IV. THE GIVING OF INFORMATION BY PERSONS IN THE MILITARY SERVICE IN PENSION CLAIMS.—General Orders, No. 112, of 1882, and No. 118, of 1884, from Headquarters of the Army, Adjutant-General's Office, are not to be construed as prohibiting officers and others from giving information from personal knowledge in pension claims in which they have no pecuniary interest.

"When any person in the military service has knowledge of any facts pertaining to the service of any person who is an applicant for a pension, he may, when requested to do so, furnish a certificate or affidavit setting forth such knowledge."

"Record evidence will only be furnished by the War Department."—[Decision Sec. War, Feb. 20, 90—1010 A. C. P., A. G. O., 1890.]

V. INSTRUCTION OF LIGHT BATTERIES IN SIGNALING.—Under paragraph 410 of the Regulations, light battery commanders will be held responsible for the proficiency in military signaling required by paragraph 1781 of the Regulations is attained in their respective batteries. It will be left optional with them whether the instruction shall be carried on under their own supervision as part of the regular instruction of their batteries, or whether they shall cause the detail contemplated in paragraph 1781, to report to the acting signal officer of the post for instruction.—[Decision Maj. Gen. Comdg. Army, letter Feb. 11, 90—4010 A. G. O., 1890.]

VI. SUNDAY MORNING INSPECTION.—The President promulgated (General Orders, No. 50, series of 1889) his direction that the Sunday morning inspection "will be merely of the dress and general appearance, without arms." That concise order was promulgated after mature deliberation, and there is not any authority for "many captains to make" the inspection of barracks Sunday morning more formal and searching than is necessary "in the face of the provision that 'the more complete inspection,' as required by paragraph 950 of the Regulations, shall take place on Saturday."—[Decision Maj. Gen. Comdg. Army, letter Feb. 15, 90—690 A. G. O., 1890.]

VII. SUPERNUMERARIES OF THE GUARD DETAIL.—A supernumerary in the guard detail is to supply the place of any man of the regular detail who may not be accepted as fit, at guard mounting, or of any man who may afterward, during the tour of guard duty, for any reason be relieved from that duty. Yet the supernumerary, after guard mounting, and while awaiting a call for his services on that guard, is not strictly speaking "a member of the guard," and hence is liable for other duty; but he is, nevertheless, in the position of a man who has been ordered to hold himself in readiness for guard duty at any moment, and hence it becomes a greatly aggravated offence if he absents himself from the post during the tour of guard duty (an offence akin to that denounced by the 40th Article, yet not chargeable under that article, but under the 62d, as well as under the 32d). This view of the duties and obligations of supernumeraries should be made known to all officers and enlisted men, that they may be governed accordingly.—[Decision Maj. Gen. Comdg. Army, letter Feb. 21, 90—2141 A. G. O., 1890.]

By command of Major-Gen. Schofield:
J. C. KELTON, Adjutant-General.

G. O. 1, DIV. OF THE PACIFIC, March 13, 1890.

Major John I. Rodgers, 1st Artillery, heretofore on duty at these headquarters as Division Inspector of Artillery Practice, is designated and announced as on duty at these headquarters as Division Inspector of Artillery.

STAFF CORPS AND DEPARTMENTS.

Judge Advocate General's Department.

The journeys made by Capt. Arthur Murray, A. J. A., from Fort Leavenworth to St. Paul and St. Paul to Chicago, and from Chicago to Fort Leavenworth, are approved (S. O. 22, March 17, Div. M.).

Quartermasters and Subsistence Departments.

Capt. Chas. F. Humphrey, A. Q. M., will proceed to Cheyenne, Wyo., on public business (S. O. 19, March 11, D. Platte).

Capt. William S. Patten, A. Q. M., will proceed to Davis Island, Forts Hamilton, Wadsworth, Schoyler and Columbus, and to Willets Point on public business (S. O., March 18, H. Q. A.).

Post Q. M. Sergt. Wm. Arnold, Jefferson Bks., will proceed to Fort Lewis, Colo., to relieve Post Q. M. Sergt. Samuel R. Myer, who will proceed to Jefferson Bks. for duty (S. O., March 15, H. Q. A.).

Post Q. M. Sergt. Thomas B. Marsh, on furlough, is relieved from duty at San Carlos and will proceed to Fort Bayard, N. M., for duty (S. O., March 18, H. Q. A.).

Comy. Sergt. John T. Barratt, Fort Hamilton, will proceed to Fort Union, N. M., for duty (S. O., March 18, H. Q. A.).

S. O. 51, directing the discharge of Comy. Sergt. Charles Starr, is revoked (S. O., March 18, H. Q. A.).

Pay Department.

S. O. 24 is amended to direct Major D. N. Bash, paymr., Denver, Colo., to pay the troops at Forts Logan, Elliott, Supply and Crawford, and then return to his station and await the removal of the snow blockade now existing between Alamosa and Durango, Colo., before proceeding to Fort Lewis, Colo. (S. O. 27, March 7, Dept. M.).

Leave for one month is granted Lieut.-Col. Chas. M. Terrell, D. P. M. G., Chief Paymaster, Omaha, with permission to apply for an extension of 15 days (S. O. 19, March 11, D. Platte).

The leave granted Major Jos. W. Wham, paymr., is extended one month (S. O., March 13, H. Q. A.).

The leave granted Major James R. Roche, paymr., is extended 20 days (S. O., March 15, H. Q. A.).

Brig.-Gen. Wm. Smith, P. M. G., will repair to Washington and assume the duties of his office (S. O., March 17, H. Q. A.).

Medical Department.

Major E. A. Koerper, surg., will proceed to Boise Bks. on public business (S. O. 21, March 3, D. Columbia).

A. A. Surg. Wm. Shippen is relieved from duty at Fort Totten, N. D., and will rejoin his proper station, Fort Buford (S. O. 27, March 5, D. Dak.).

Leave for one month is granted 1st Lieut. Edward R. Morris, asst. surg., Fort Shaw (S. O. 28, March 7, D. Dak.).

A. A. Surg. William Penn Compton will repair to West Point and report for assignment to duty at the Military Academy (S. O., March 17, H. Q. A.).

The C. O. Fort Laramie will send Hosl. Steward Patrick Boland to Fort Sidney, for temporary duty, and Pvt. Louis Martin, Hospital Corps, to Fort Douglas, Utah, to fill an existing vacancy (S. O. 19, March 11, D. Platte).

Engineers and Ordnance Departments.

Capt. Thomas Turtle, C. E., is detailed as a member of a Board, organized from the Departments of the Government, to consider all questions of doubtful or uncertain orthography of geographic names as they may arise in any of the maps or charts of the Government (S. O. 12, March 14, C. E.).

Capt. Almon L. Varney, O. D., will proceed from the Watertown Arsenal to the South Boston Iron Works, on public business connected with the inspection of a 10 inch pneumatic gun-carriage (S. O., March 13, H. Q. A.).

1st Lieut. Ormond M. Lissak, O. D., is relieved from duty at the Watervliet Arsenal and from temporary duty at the works of the Standard Steel Casting Company, Thurlow, Pa., and assigned to duty at the U. S. proving ground, Sandy Hook, N. J., with station in N. Y. City; 1st Lieut. Sidney E. Stuart is relieved from duty at the Midvale Steel Works and will report to 1st Lieut. Frank H. Hobbs, O. D., Bethlehem, Pa., for duty as his assistant; 1st Lieut. Edwin B. Babbitt is temporarily relieved from duty at the National Armory, Mass., and assigned to duty at the works of the Standard Steel Casting Company, Thurlow, Pa., as inspector of steel shells (S. O., March 15, H. Q. A.).

Capt. James C. Ayres, O. D., now in Europe on leave, is assigned to temporary duty at the works of Sir Joseph Whitworth and Company, Manchester.

Eng., for the purpose of witnessing the assembling and test of the 12 inch mortar-carriage in process of manufacture for the O. D. (S. O. March 17, H. Q. A.)
Ord. Sergt. Peter Toole will be relieved from duty at San Antonio and will proceed to Fort Taylor and relieve Ord. Sergt. James H. Ochiltree. Ord. Sergt. Ochiltree will proceed to the post of San Antonio (S. O. March 18, H. Q. A.)

Signal Corps.

2d Lieut. James Mitchell, S. C., will proceed to Norfolk, Va., and carry out special instructions (S. O. March 18, H. Q. A.)

2d Lt. Frank W. Ellis, S. C., will proceed from Fort Reno via Woodward to Fort Supply, I. T. (S. O. March 18, H. Q. A.)

Sergt. Clayton E. Butler, S. C., will proceed from Helena, Mont., to El Paso, Tex., and assume charge of that station. Sergt. Oscar N. Oswell will proceed from El Paso, Tex., to Yuma, Ariz., and assume charge of that station (S. O. 37, March 13, Sig. Office.)

Sergt. James H. Smith will proceed from Charleston, S. C., to certain points and carry out special instructions from the Chief Signal Officer (S. O. 39, March 19, Sig. Office.)

Sergt. Robert E. Kirkam will proceed from New Orleans to certain points and carry out special instructions from the Chief Signal Officer (S. O. 39, March 19, Sig. Office.)

Chaplains.

The leave on surgeon's certificate granted Post Chaplain Sherman M. Merrill is extended one month on surgeon's certificate (S. O. March 15, H. Q. A.)

THE LINE.

The Stations of Companies not mentioned here will be found by reference to last number of the JOURNAL.

1st Cavalry, Colonel James S. Brislin.

Hdgrs. B. D. E. G. and M. Ft. Custer, Mont.; A and I, Ft. Maginnis, Mont.; I, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.; C, F. and H, Ft. Assiniboine, Mont.; K, Camp Sheridan, Wyo.

Capt. Frazier A. Boutelle, Camp Sheridan, Wyo., will proceed to Washington, D. C., and report to the Secretary of the Interior (S. O. 27, March 5, D. Dak.)

2nd Cavalry, Colonel David R. Clendenin.

Hdgrs. B, E, H, I, L, and M, Ft. Walla Walla, Wash.; A and K, Presidio of San Francisco, Cal.; C and G, Ft. Bidwell, Cal.; D, Boise Bks., Idaho; F, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.

Capt. S. M. Swigert is relieved as member of the G. C.-M. at Chicago (S. O. 20, March 13, Div. M.)

3rd Cavalry, Colonel Albert G. Brackett.

Hdgrs. and H, Ft. McIntosh, Tex.; F and M, Ft. Clark, Tex.; B, C, G, and L, San Antonio, Tex.; D, Ft. Ringgold, Tex.; I and K, Ft. Brown, Tex.; A, Camp at Eagle Pass, Tex.; E, Camp Pena Colorado, Tex.

5th Cavalry, Colonel James F. Wade.

Hdgrs. B, C, G, and L, Ft. Reno, Ind. T.; E and H, Ft. Sill, Ind. T.; D and K, Ft. Sill, Ind. T.; A, F, and I, Ft. Supply, Ind. T.; M, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.

Leave for twenty-one days is granted Capt. A. E. Woodson (S. O. 28, March 10, Dept. M.)

Leave for one month, with permission to apply for an extension of fifteen days, is granted Capt. W. S. Schuyler (S. O. 28, March 10, Dept. M.)

Leave for one month is granted Lieut.-Col. James Biddle (S. O. 28, March 10, Dept. M.)

Leave for five months, to take effect at such time in April as his services can be spared by his post commander, is granted 1st Lieut. Fred. W. Foster (S. O. March 15, H. Q. A.)

7th Cavalry, Colonel James W. Forsyth.

Hdgrs. A, B, C, D, G, I, L, and M, Ft. Riley, Kas.; E, F, H, and K, Ft. Sill, Ind. T.

Leave for one month, to take effect about April 1, is granted 2d Lieut. S. R. H. Tompkins (S. O. 30, March 13, Dept. M.)

The leave on Surgeon's certificate granted 1st Lieut. Luther R. Hare is extended two months on Surgeon's certificate (S. O. March 14, H. Q. A.)

5th Cavalry, Colonel Elmer Otis.

Hdgrs. A, B, C, D, I, and M, Ft. Meade, S. D.; H and L, Ft. Keogh, Mont.; E and K, Ft. Buford, N. D.; F and G, Ft. Yates, N. D.

Col. Elmer Otis will proceed from Fort Meade, S. D., to Forts Yates, N. D., Keogh, Mont., and Buford, N. D., to make the annual inspection of the troops of his regiment at those posts (S. O. 28, March 7, D. Dak.)

The meeting of the G. C.-M. at Fort Yates, N. D., for the trial of Capt. Edmund G. Feohet, is postponed until Saturday, April 5 (S. O. 29, March 8, D. Dak.)

9th Cavalry, Colonel Joseph G. Tilford.

Hdgrs. B, F, I, and K, Ft. Robinson, Neb.; A and G, Ft. Niobrara, Neb.; D and H, Ft. McKim, Wyo.; E, Ft. Washita, Wyo.; C and M, Ft. Du Chene, Utah (Post-office address via Ouray, Utah); L, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.

Leave for one month is granted Capt. Joseph Garrard, Fort Niobrara, with permission to apply for an extension of one month (S. O. 18, March 10, D. Platte.)

The leave for one month granted Capt. Joseph Garrard is extended one month (S. O. 20, March 13, Div. M.)

1st Artillery, Colonel Loomis L. Langdon.

Hdgrs. A, C, D, E, H, J, and K, Presidio of San Francisco, Cal.; F, Ft. Monroe, Va.; G, Ft. Mason, Cal.; I and M, Alcatraz Island, Cal.; B, Ft. Canby, Wash.

Light battery.
The leave for one month and ten days on Surgeon's certificate granted Capt. John A. Darling is extended twenty days (S. O. 16, March 11, Div. P.)

2nd Artillery, Colonel John Mendenhall.

Hdgrs. C, G, and H, Ft. Adams, R. I.; L, Ft. Tumbull, Conn.; E, Ft. Preble, Me.; B and D, Ft. Warren, Mass.; A, Ft. Riley, Kas.; F, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.; I, Ft. Monroe, Va.; K and M, Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y.

Light battery.
Leave for two months, to commence about April 1, is granted 2d Lieut. Ernest Hinds, Fort Preble, Me. (S. O. 64, March 20, Div. A.)

3rd Artillery, Colonel Horatio G. Gibson.

Hdgrs. A, C, E, H, K, and L, Washington Bks., D. C.; D, G, and I, Ft. McHenry, Md.; B and M, Ft. Monroe, Va.; F, San Antonio, Tex.

Light battery.
Leave for one month, with permission to apply

for an extension of fifteen days, is granted 1st Lieut. Henry H. Ludlow (S. O. 18, March 10, D. Tex.)

Major Wallace F. Randolph, Inspector of Artillery, will proceed to Washington, D. C., on public business (S. O. 63, March 18, Div. A.)

The C. O. Fort McHenry, Md., will issue to 1st Sergt. John Curran, Bat. D, a furlough for six months, with permission to go beyond sea (S. O. 62, March 17, Div. A.)

5th Artillery, Colonel Alex. Piper.

Hdgrs. E, F, I, and H, Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.; A, C, and L, Ft. Columbus, N. Y.; G, Ft. Monroe, Va.; B, Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y.; D, Ft. Douglas, Utah; K and M, Ft. Schuyler, N. Y.

Light battery.
Lieut.-Col. Richard Loder will inspect medical property at Fort Wadsworth, for which Capt. C. K. Winne, Asst. Surg., is responsible (S. O. 61, March 15, Div. A.)

Capt. J. R. Brincklé will inspect camp equipage and ord. stores at Fort Hamilton, for which the C. O. Bat. E is responsible (S. O. 63, March 18, Div. A.)

1st Lieut. James E. Sawyer will proceed to Fort Trumbull, New London, and report for temporary duty. C.-M. duty, and then return to Fort Hamilton (S. O. 63, March 18, Div. A.)

1st Infantry, Colonel William R. Shafter.

Hdgrs. A, E, F, G, and H, Angel Island, Cal.; D and K, Presidio of San Francisco, Cal.; C and I, Benicia Bks., Cal.; B, Ft. Gaston, Cal.

Leave for two months is granted Col. William R. Shafter (S. O. 15, March 7, Div. P.)

Lieut. Col. Charles G. Bartlett is relieved as member of the G. C.-M. instituted by S. O. 10, and during the absence of the Colonel on leave will exercise the command of the regiment and of the post of Angel Island. He will proceed to Angel Island and assume command. On the return of the Colonel to duty, Lieut.-Col. Bartlett will rejoin at the Presidio of San Francisco (S. O. 18, March 10, D. Cal.)

2d Lieut. Hampton M. Roach is relieved from further duty at the Infantry and Cavalry School, Fort Leavenworth (S. O. March 17, H. Q. A.)

Sergt. Milo Ramsey, Co. F, for neglect of duty and absence without leave, has been reduced to private and mulcted \$20.

2nd Infantry, Colonel Frank Wheaton.

Hdgrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, and K, Ft. Omaha, Neb.

1st Lieut. Charles W. Rowell, Fort Omaha, is designated to relieve Capt. Marcus W. Lyon, Ord. Dept., Chief Ord. Officer, D. Platte, of his duties, and Capt. Lyon will then stand relieved from duty in the Department (S. O. 19, March 11, D. Platte.)

Sergt. John B. Lee, Co. I, Fort Omaha, is transferred as a private to Co. C, 18th Inf., and will be sent to Fort Clark, Tex. (S. O. March 14, H. Q. A.)

3rd Infantry, Colonel Edwin C. Mason.

Hdgrs. A, D, E, G, H, and K, Ft. Snelling, Minn.; B, C, F, and I, Ft. Meade, S. D.

2d Lieut. Harry Freehand is relieved as J.-A. of the G. C.-M. at Fort Snelling, and 2d Lieut. James H. McRae is detailed J.-A. of said court (S. O. 27, March 5, D. Dak.)

A furlough for six months is granted Sergt. Thos. Taylor, Co. A, Fort Snelling (S. O. 23, March 7, D. Dak.)

4th Infantry, Colonel William P. Carlin.

Hdgrs. D, E, G, and H, Ft. Sherman, Idaho; A, B, F, I, and K, Ft. Spokane, Wash.; C, Boise Barracks, Idaho.

Capt. John W. Bubb will proceed to Fort Walla Walla and Vancouver Barracks on public business (S. O. 22, March 6, D. Columbia.)

5th Infantry, Colonel Nathan W. Osborne.

Hdgrs. B, and E, Ft. Bliss, Tex.; I and K, Ft. Davis, Tex.; C and F, Ft. McIntosh, Tex.; A and G, Ft. Ringgold, Tex.; D, Ft. Brown, Tex.; H, Ft. Hancock, Tex.

2d Lieut. Edwin B. Weeks, in addition to his present duties, will report to the Chief Q. M., to relieve 1st Lieut. William P. Evans, Q. M., 19th Inf., of his duties in connection with the construction of public buildings at the post of San Antonio (S. O. 18, March 10, D. Tex.)

Capt. Edward L. Randall, having reported, will proceed to Jefferson Barracks and report to conduct to Texas recruits for the 3d Cav. (S. O. 48, March 13, Rec. Ser.)

6th Infantry, Colonel Alex. McD. McCook.

Hdgrs. and G, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.; A, B, and E, Ft. Lewis, Colo.; C and D, Ft. Riley, Kas.; F and H, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.; I, Newport Barracks, Ky.; J, Ft. Gibson, Ind. T.

Capt. William H. H. Crowell is detailed member of the G. C.-M. at Chicago (S. O. 20, March 13, Div. M.)
Pvt. Julius W. Vinkie has been appointed corporal in Co. A.

8th Infantry, Colonel August V. Kautz.

Hdgrs. A, B, E, F, G, and H, Ft. Niobrara, Neb.; C, D, I, and K, Ft. Robinson, Neb.

Leave for one month is granted 1st Lieut. James A. Hutton, Fort Niobrara, with permission to apply for an extension of one month (S. O. 19, March 11, D. Platte.)

Leave for two months is granted Col. August V. Kautz, Fort Niobrara (S. O. 21, March 15, Div. M.)

The leave for one month granted 1st Lieut. James A. Hutton is extended one month (S. O. 21, March 15, Div. M.)

9th Infantry, Colonel Alfred L. Hough.

Hdgrs. B, C, F, and I, Whipple Bks., A. T.; E, San Diego Bks., Cal.; A, Ft. Mojave, A. T.; D, Ft. McDowell, A. T.; G, Ft. Huachuca, A. T.; K, Ft. Wingate, N. M.; H, Ft. Verde, A. T.

11th Infantry, Colonel Richard I. Dodge.

Hdgrs. A, D, G, H, and I, Madison Bks., N. Y.; E and K, Ft. Niagara, N. Y.; B, Fort Wood, N. Y.; C, Ft. Ontario, N. Y.; F, Plattsburgh Bks., N. Y.

19th Infantry, Colonel Edwin F. Townsend.

Hdgrs. E, G, H, and I, Ft. Yates, N. D.; A, B, C, and D, Ft. Sully, S. D.; K, Ft. Bennett, S. D.; F, Ft. Lincoln, N. D.

2d Lieut. Earl C. Carnahan is detailed recruiting officer at Fort Sully, vice 2d Lieut. George J. Godfrey, relieved (S. O. 50, March 12, D. Dak.)

13th Infantry, Colonel Montgomery Bryant.

Hdgrs. and H, Ft. Supply, Ind. T.; I, Ft. Elliott, Tex.; C, Ft. Reno, Ind. T.; E, Ft. Riley, Kas.; A, Ft. Sill, Ind. T.; K, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.; D and E, Little Rock Bks., Ark.; B, Camp at Guthrie, I. T.; G, Camp Wade, near Lisbon, I. T.

Sergt. Major David D. Williams will be discharged the Service of the U. S. (S. O. March 15, H. Q. A.)

15th Infantry, Colonel Robert E. A. Crofton.

Hdgrs. E, F, G, and K, Ft. Buford, N. D.; A, C, D, and H, Ft. Randall, S. D.; B and I, Ft. Pembina, N. D.

17th Infantry, Colonel Henry R. Misner.

Hdgrs. A, B, C, E, F, G, I, and K, Ft. D. A. Russell, Wyo.; D and H, Ft. Bridger, Wyo.

1st Lieut. Edward Chynoweth, R. Q. M., Post Q. M. Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., will, in addition to his present duties, relieve Capt. Charles F. Humphrey, A. Q. M., of his duties as Depot Quartermaster, Cheyenne, Wyo. Capt. Humphrey will continue in charge of the construction of the water and sewer systems at Fort D. A. Russell until further orders, and Lieut. Chynoweth is assigned as his assistant, to have personal supervision of this work under the direction of Capt. Humphrey when the latter is not present (S. O. 18, March 10, D. Platte.)

We are indebted to Sergt.-Major Jacob Lester for a roster of non commissioned officers, 17th U. S. Infantry, corrected to March, 1890. The regiment contains some veteran soldiers and has excellent non-commissioned officers.

18th Infantry, Colonel Henry M. Laselle.

Hdgrs. A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, and K, Ft. Clark, Tex.

1st Lieut. Charles McClure, having reported, will proceed to Davis Island and report to conduct to Texas recruits for the 18th Inf. (S. O. 47, March 13, Rec. Ser.)

19th Infantry, Colonel Charles H. Smith.

Hdgrs. A, E, G, H, I, and K, San Antonio, Tex.; B and F, Mt. Vernon Barracks, Ala.; C, Ft. Barranca, Fla.; D, Jackson Barracks, La.

Leave for seven days is granted 1st Lieut. Theodore H. Eckerson (S. O. March 13, H. Q. A.)

20th Infantry, Colonel Elwell S. Otis.

Hdgrs. B, C, D, E, G, H, and K, Ft. Assiniboine, Mont.; A, Ft. Maginnis, Mont.; F and I, Camp Poplar River, Mont.

21st Infantry, Colonel Henry A. Morrow.

Hdgrs. A, C, E, G, and I, Ft. Sidney, Neb.; D, F, and H, Ft. Bridger, Wyo.; B, Ft. Douglas, Utah; K, Ft. McKinney, Wyo.

The leave for seven days granted 2d Lieut. Edward W. McCaskey, Fort McKinney, Wyo., and extended twenty-three days, is further extended one month (S. O. 23, March 18, Div. M.)

22nd Infantry, Colonel Peter T. Swaine.

Hdgrs. A, B, C, D, E, H, and K, Ft. Keogh, Mont.; E and G, Ft. Totten, N. D.; I, Ft. A. Lincoln, N. D.

The leave for seven days granted 1st Lieut. Edward W. Cassey, Fort Keogh, is extended twenty-three days (S. O. 30, March 12, D. Dak.)

The extension of leave on Surgeon's certificate granted Capt. G. S. Luttrell Ward is further extended one month on account of sickness (S. O. March 13, H. Q. A.)

24th Infantry, Colonel Zenas R. Bliss.

Hdgrs. A, D, and F, Ft. Bayard, N. M.; C, E, H, and K, Ft. Grant, Ariz.; B and G, San Carlos, Ariz.; I, Ft. Thomas, Ariz.

Capt. J. Milton Thompson, recruiting officer, Providence, R. I., will establish a temporary rendezvous at Fall River, Mass. (S. O. 46, March 11, Rec. Ser.)

2d Lieut. George S. Cartwright, having reported, will proceed to Davis Island and report for duty (S. O. 47, March 12, Rec. Ser.)

1st Lieut. Benjamin W. Leavell, having reported, will proceed to Jefferson Barracks and report to conduct to Arizona recruits for the 6th Cav. (S. O. 48, March 13, Rec. Ser.)

1st Lieut. Charles Dodge, Jr., A. D. C., will proceed to Guthrie, I. T.; Caldwell, Kas., and such other points as may be necessary, on public business (S. O. 51, March 15, Dept. M.)

(For Late Army Orders see page 566.)

Appointments, etc., of Commissioned Officers and Retired Enlisted Men, U. S. A., recorded in the A.-G. O. during the week ending March 15, 1890.

APPOINTMENT.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Smith, Deputy Paymaster-General, to be Paymaster-General with the rank of Brigadier-General, March 10, 1890, vice Rochester, retired from active service.

Courts-martial.

The following courts have been ordered:

At Little Rock Barracks, Ark., March 12. Detail: Major H. M. Cronkrite, Surg.; Capt. P. H. Ellis and J. S. Bishop, 1st Lieut. W. L. Buck, and 2d Lieut. Carl Koops, 19th Inf., and 2d Lieut. E. P. Lawton, 15th Inf., J.-A. (S. O. 27, March 7, Dept. M.)

At Fort Maginnis, Mont., March 10. Detail: Capt. William W. Gray, Med. Dept.; Capt. John Q. Adams and Peter S. Bonus and 1st Lieut. George B. Backus, 1st Cav.; 1st Lieut. Paul Shillock, Med. Dept.; 2d Lieut. Marcus D. Cronin, 30th Inf., and 2d Lieut. Peter E. Traub, 1st Cav., J.-A. (S. O. 29, March 8, D. Dak.)

At Fort McIntosh, Tex., March 13. Detail: Capt. Henry W. Weesela, Jr., 1st Lieut. George K. Hunter, Franklin O. Johnson, Q. M., and Joseph T. Dickman, Adj. 3d Cav.; 1st Lieut. Charles A. Churchill and 2d Lieut. William H. Sage, 5th Inf.; 2d Lieut. Michael M. McNamee, 3d Cav., and 1st Lieut. Hunter Liggett, 52d Inf., J.-A. (S. O. 18, March 10, D. Tex.)

At the Military Prison, Fort Leavenworth, Kas., March 13. Detail: Lieut.-Col. J. F. Wright, Surg.; Chaplain J. B. McCleary; 1st Lieut. E. H. Gilman, 12th Inf.; 1st Lieut. B. K. Evans, 12th Inf.; 1st Lieut. C. W. Mason, 4th Inf.; 1st Lieut. W. A. Nichols, 23d Inf., and 1st Lieut. W. E. Almy, 5th Cav., J.-A. (S. O. 29, March 11, Dept. M.)

At Fort Wayne, Mich., March 20. Detail: Col. Henry M. Black, Capt. Richard L. Eskridge, 1st Lieut. Orlando L. Wieting, Edwin B. Bolton, Adj., and J. Rozier Cingett, 23d Inf., and 2d Lieut. Chas. B. Hagdorn, 23d Inf., J.-A. (S. O. 62, March 17, Div. A.)

Army Boards.

A Board of Officers will meet at Angel Island, Cal., March 10, to appraise the buildings of the post trader. Detail: Lieut.-Col. George H. Burton, I. G.; Capt. Charles A. Booth, A. Q. M., and 1st Lieut. Thomas H. Barry, 1st Inf. (S. O. 16, March 8, Div. P.)

Retirements of Enlisted Men.

Saddler Sergt. Thomas Dougherty, 5th Cav., March 15, 1890. Ord. Sergt. Michael McGuire, March 15, 1890.

DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Dept. of Texas.—Brig. Gen. D. S. Stanley.

El Paso is jubilant over the abandonment of Fort Selden. The Times says: "This means that much more for new Fort Bliss. With Fort Selden not only abandoned but sold, our new post is left without a rival."

(Correspondence of the Army and Navy Journal.)

WEST POINT, N. Y.

WEST POINT, N. Y., March 18, 1890.

CONCERTS were given here on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, that on Wednesday for officers, that on Saturday for cadets, with the following programme: 1. March, "The Passing Regiment," Coverley, 2. Polka, "Sea Flower," cornet solo, Robinson (by Musician Brown), 3. Divertissement, clarinet solo, Beyer (by Musician Elsenman), 4. Overture, "Zanetta," Auber, 5. Selection, "Il Trovatore," Verdi, 6. Waltz, "La Barcarolle," Waldteufel, 7. Galop, "All caught cold," Guns'l.

After the cadet concert a photographic exhibition was given which afforded much amusement. A similar exhibition was given Tuesday evening.

Mrs. and Miss Metcalfe have gone to Old Point for a few weeks. Lieut. L. M. Koebler, 6th Cavalry, has been the only visiting officer during the week. Miss Van Rensselaer and Miss Lovell have been guests of Mrs. Dodge.

In addition to those already published, still further changes are anticipated. Lieut. Allen will, it is said, soon leave the post for a new duty, viz.: military attaché at the Court of St. Petersburg.

Lieut. Crane will, we hear, assume the duties of adjutant of the 24th on joining his station in Arizona. Dr. Carter will succeed Dr. Kneedler as assistant surgeon. Dr. S. Q. Robinson is acting temporarily in this capacity.

Dr. and Mrs. Kneedler carried with them the good wishes of all on their departure from the post last week. They will spend a fortnight at the doctor's home in Philadelphia before proceeding to Jackson Bks., New Orleans. It seems but fitting that some recognition should be made of the untiring services rendered by Dr. Kneedler to the families of enlisted men under his charge. He remained at the post caring for several cases of contagious illness after having been relieved from duty, and his sympathy and kindness have greatly endeared him to the families among which he has labored.

A cadet hop will take place shortly after Easter. In the meantime cadets' teas are the only entertainments given.

The weather is mild at present, the river entirely free from ice. We have as yet had very little of the windy weather usually so prevalent during the month of March.

Cadet appointments to West Point have been issued during the past week to the following-named persons: Sherman D. Calkender, Hart's Grove, 19th Dist., Ohio. Chas. F. Smith, Chillicothe, 12th Dist., Ohio.

(Correspondence of the Army and Navy Journal.)

FORT MEADE, S. JAKOTA.

CAPT. JNO. P. THOMPSON, 3d Inf., rejoined from leave March 15 and resumed command of Co. B.

Capt. Philip Meade, 3d Inf., Inspector Small Arms Practice, Division Missouri, visited the post March 15 to inspect the rifle ranges.

The officers and ladies of the post gave a masquerade ball Friday evening. The Fort Meade Minstrel and Variety Company gave an entertainment of sterling merit March 15.

Troops and companies are busily engaged in the performance of the many fatigues and duties made possible by the advent of spring. JAKEUP.

FORT LEAVENWORTH.

LIEUT. HIRAM M. CHITTENDEN, Chief Engineer Officer Dept. Platte, arrived March 14, from Omaha, and is the guest of Lieut. C. G. Dwyer, 21st Inf.

Leave of absence for one month has been granted Lieut. Tompkins, 7th Cav.

Mr. Daniel Morgan was a visitor during the week, and guest of Lieut. Wright, 2d Inf. Mr. Morgan is a graduate of the Naval Academy, and is now in business at Omaha.

Lieut. Seligwick Rice, 7th Cav., is quite ill.

Major Anson Mills, 10th Cav., is a guest of Major Kline.

Lieut. J. N. Carson, Jr., 5th Cav., is being congratulated on every hand for the West Point detail.

The branch of the Military Service Institution held a meeting at the academic building March 12. A paper on "The Place of the Medical Department in the Army" was read.

It is expected that Lieut.-Col. Forsyth will be retired in a few days.

On account of illness, Capt. Swigert, 2d Cav., has been relieved as member of the Steele Court-martial at Chicago.

Mrs. Alvord, wife of Lieut. Alvord, 20th Inf., is expected here from West Point.

The board of medical officers detailed to experiment with a number of appliances and drill regulations for the hospital corps have arrived and will soon begin work. The board consists of Drs. Smart, Brechemin and Havard. Dr. Smart is stopping with Dr. Page, Dr. Brechemin with Dr. McAuley and Dr. Havard is the guest of Dr. Woodhull.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

LIEUT. D. J. RUMBROUGH, Inspector of Small Arms Practice, is attached to Co. H, for his shooting. His record at the range is excellent.

A SAN ANTONIO TEA.

THE Express says: The tea given at Mrs. Stanley's Tuesday afternoon was the handsomest entertainment of the kind given this winter. The General's residence at the post is very large and admirably adapted to entertaining. Mrs. Stanley's daughters have inherited her exquisite taste and artistic ability and the house showed the admirable result of their combined efforts. A number of pretty girls besides the Misses Stanley, helped Mrs. Stanley and Mrs. Rumbrough to care for the guests. A charming innovation was made upon the regulation afternoon tea by having two gentlemen admitted. They were Gen. Stanley and Mrs. Rumbrough, and they proved such a charming addition that the question has been frequently asked since: "If it is so pleasant to have two gentlemen at an afternoon tea, why not have more?" The band played sweetly all the evening, and everything was so pleasant that even the dissatisfied characters who had begun to doubt the delights of afternoon teas concluded that they were a perfect form of entertainment—particularly when gentlemen are admitted.

PRESIDIO OF SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Call says:

The regiment has been ordered about May 1, to Fort Hamilton, N. Y. H. In consequence, the ladies of the garrison are plunged in grief at the prospect of having to break up their cosy homes on the reservation and bid adieu to many friends made during the regiment's tour of service here. These are, undoubtedly, also the feelings entertained by the ladies of the 5th Regiment, which will replace the 1st, and which is stationed at present at Fort Hamilton, and commanded by Col. Alexander Piper, who is well known here.

The departure of the First will be generally regretted. It is a crack organization and has a brilliant record of battles, sieges and actions.

The Fifth is another fine organization of the five artillery regiments in the U. S. Army.

(Correspondence of the Army and Navy Journal.)

FORT MONROE, VA.

MARCH 13, 1890.

THERE were very few in all the Hygeia's six hundred guests who remembered, if indeed they ever knew, that Sunday, March 3, was the anniversary of the successful landing of the United States Army at Vera Cruz. But there were three old fellows (and they are pretty gay old fellows yet) among them who saw and took part in that grand fight forty-three years ago. They were Col. Henry B. Judd, Gen. James A. Oakes, and Col. Wm. B. Lane, all now on the retired list of the Army. "They have done the State some service" and decided to celebrate the occasion by a quiet dinner party, where they could "fight their battles" over.

Col. Judd, then a 1st lieutenant of artillery, commanded a section of a light battery, and received the brevet of captain for "gallant and meritorious services in the affair at Medelin," on Aug. 23, 1847, during the siege, at a place some three miles from the city. Gen. Oakes, who was then a 2d lieutenant in the 2d Dragoons, received the brevet of 1st lieutenant for the same affair. In a skirmish between a portion of the regiment of mounted rifles and Mexicans Col. Lane, then 1st sergeant, was wounded at Puerte del Medio, some five miles from the city, on March 24, 1847, during the investment.

Gen. Oakes was breveted a captain on Sept. 8, 1847, for "gallant and meritorious conduct at the battle of Melino del Rey." Col. Lane, then 1st sergeant, received the brevet of 2d lieutenant in the mounted rifles "for distinguished services during the Mexican War," June 28, 1848.

These gentlemen all served with distinction during the War of the Rebellion, but yet they like to linger over the old times in the land of the Aztecs. BODELL.

Col. E. R. Warner, retired, of Moutrose, Pa., is at the Hygeia for a month's visit.

The Hon. Levi Bird and wife, of Wilmington, Del., are on a visit to his brother, Col. Chas. Bird, quartermaster.

Lieut. M. Crawford, 2d Artillery, and wife, who have been visiting friends in Washington, have returned.

Capt. R. C. Parker, retired, and wife, from the Soldiers' Home, Washington, are here on a visit.

Col. Green Clay Goddick, paymaster of the U. S. Marine Corps, and wife, arrived Tuesday and spent a couple of hours calling on Army friends in the garrison.

Miss Thurston, of Providence, R. I., daughter of ex-Gov. Thurston, of Connecticut, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Capt. Ingalls.

Lieut. W. W. Galbraith, 5th Artillery, arrived from West Point and will remain two or three weeks.

Miss Ostheim, of Philadelphia, is visiting her brother, Lieut. Louis Ostheim, 3d Artillery.

Capt. Blake, of the revenue cutter Hamilton, carried out quite a party of his friends on Monday for a sail to the Cape.

"There's going to be a very practical test of the race question here before long," says a letter from Fort Monroe, received in New York yesterday. A large hotel for the exclusive accommodation of colored people has just been built, and will be furnished and ready for occupation next fall. This hotel seems completely to shut out John Chamberlain's projected enterprise, to the universal regret of Old Point visitors. * * People here wish Chamberlain would build, but say now they don't know where he could get the ground. While it is not feared that the belles of African extraction will seriously rival their white sisters in the affections of the military gallants, of whom Fort Monroe has for a generation raised a plentiful crop, they will undoubtedly be much nearer headquarters, and when the 200 rooms of "L'Hotel Africain"—as it has been suggested to call it—are full, there are sure to be some lively scenes on this venerable Point of Comfort. —N. Y. Herald.

FORT RILEY, KAS.

THE Junction City Tribune says:

The lecture on "Man's Victories Over Nature," in the chapel at Fort Riley last Saturday, by Col. Theodore S. Case, of Kansas City, was an intellectual treat not often enjoyed, even among the many good things presented there under the management of Chaplain Parker. Chaplain Parker has great reason to be proud of his successful lecture course the present season. President Fairchild, of the Agricultural College, will occupy the rostrum next Friday evening. Subject: "Science in Every-day Life."

THE FACTS IN CARTER'S CASE.

CONCERNING the Court-martial trial of Lewis Carter, Acting Judge Advocate General Lieber states that Carter was tried by Court-martial in 1885, and convicted of desertion, robbery, assault and rape. To the last three offences the woman upon whom they were by the court found to have been committed positively testified. If, as alleged, she has now made affidavit that she was not criminally assaulted, he is not aware of it. It is highly improbable that she has, because it would be an admission that she committed perjury at the trial, and because no such paper has been received at the Judge Advocate General's Office, to which it would naturally be referred. It was proved at the trial that immediately after the assault, the woman, being still in a condition of great agitation and bearing on her person marks of the assault, made a complaint of it to an officer, and that she subsequently twice identified Carter as her assailant. It was also proved that on the same day that the assault was committed, and as soon as Carter became aware of the fact that suspicion was directed against him, he fled. His conviction was fully justified by the evidence before the court. The record of its proceedings is in the Judge Advocate General's Office, where it may be examined by any one who wishes to verify these statements. Carter has never been under a sentence of 99 years, as it was reduced by the reviewing authority to 30; nor is it true that he has been pardoned by the President and the Court-martial reprimanded. The only foundation for these statements is that on a petition for clemency, in which the woman joined, the sentence was further reduced to six years, which will not expire until May 15, 1891.

THE Washington Star gives this list of portraits on the national currency: On U. S. notes—\$1, Washington; \$2, Jefferson; \$5, Jackson; \$10, Webster; \$20, Hamilton; \$50, Franklin; \$100, Lincoln; \$500, Gen. Mansfield; \$1,000, De Witt Clinton; \$5,000, Madison; \$10,000, Jackson. On silver certificates—\$10, Robert Morris; \$20, Commo. Decatur; \$50, Edward Everett; \$100, James Monroe; \$500, Chas. Sumner; \$1,000, W. L. Marcy. On gold notes—\$20, Garfield; \$50, Silas Wright; \$100, Thos. H. Benton; \$500, A. Lincoln; \$1,000, Alexander Hamilton; \$5,000, James Madison; \$10,000, Andrew Jackson.

THE NAVY.

BENJAMIN F. TRACY, Secretary of the Navy

NAVAL VESSELS IN COMMISSION.

WHEN AND WHERE LAST HEARD FROM.

N. Atl. Station.—R. Adm. Bancroft Gherardi.

GALENA, 3d rate, 8 guns, Comdr. George W. Sumner. At Key West, Fla., March 19, from Havana, Cuba. All well. Address Key West, Fla.

KEARSARGE, 3d rate, 7 guns, Comdr. H. Elmer. Same as Galena.

YANTIC, 3d rate, 4 guns, Comdr. Charles H. Rookwell. At Key West March 19. Address for present Key West, Florida.

DOLPHIN, 3d rate, 4 guns. Comdr. Charles O'Neil. Temporary flagship Rear Admiral Gherardi. At Key West March 19. Address care of Commandant Navy-yard, New York. Commander Yates Stirling has been ordered to command this vessel.

S. Atlantic Station.—Act. Rear Adm. J. H. Gullis.

Mails should be addressed to the care of the U. S. Consul, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, or care of B. F. Stevens, 4 Trafalgar Square, London, unless otherwise noted.

RICHMOND, 3d rate, (flagship), 14 guns, Capt. Allen V. Reed. At Montevideo, Uruguay, last accounts.

TALLAPOOSA, 3d rate, 6 guns, Comdr. James M. Forsyth. At Montevideo last accounts.

European Station.—Squadron of Evolution.—Acting Rear Admiral John G. Walker.

Address of squadron is care of B. F. Stevens, No. 4 Trafalgar Square, London, England.

CHICAGO, flagship, 1st rate, 14 guns, Capt. H. B. Robeson. At Naples March 8, per cable. From there, it is said, the squadron will sail for Castellamare and Flume. The vessels will also remain a week at Pola, from which port they will go to Malta and Alexandria. They will then return to Europe.

ATLANTA, 2d rate, 8 guns, Capt. John A. Howell. Same as Chicago.

BOSTON, 3d rate, 8 guns, Captain J. O'Kane. Same as Chicago.

YORKTOWN, 3d rate, 6 guns. Commander F. E. Chadwick. At Leghorn March 8, to remain a couple of weeks.

Pacific Station.—Actg. Rear Adm. Geo. Brown.

Address all mail (unless otherwise noted) for the present to Navy Pay Office, San Francisco Cal.

CHARLESTON, 2d rate, 8 guns, flagship, Capt. G. C. Remy. At Mare Island, Cal.

ADAMS, 3d rate, 6 guns, Lieutenant-Commander J. J. Hunter (in temporary command). Owing to the accident to the piston rod of the *Iroquois* this vessel has been detained in Samson waters. When relieved will be ordered to San Francisco.

Commander James G. Green sailed from San Francisco Feb. 8, to assume command of this vessel.

IROQUOIS, 3d rate, 7 guns, Comdr. Joshua Bishop. Arrived at Port Townsend, March 11, en route to San Francisco, Cal.

MOHICAN, 3d rate, 10 guns, Commander E. M. Shepard. At Honolulu. Has been ordered to Apia, Samoa, to relieve the Adams.

NIPISIC, 3d rate, 6 guns, Lieut. Comdr. H. W. Lyon. At Honolulu. Commander Felix McCurley has been ordered to command this vessel, and leaves San Francisco for Honolulu on March 28.

PINTA, 4th rate, 4 howitzers. Lieut.-Comdr. O. W. Farenholt. At Sitka, Alaska.

Astatic Station.—Rear Admiral G. E. Belknap.

Mails should be addressed, Yokohama, Japan, unless otherwise noted.

MARION, 3d rate, 8 guns, Comdr. N. M. Dyer. Left Shanghai, China, Feb. 23, for Nagasaki, Japan, to exchange paymasters with *Suataru*, and will probably leave station, with cadets on board, for San Francisco about March 23; also Surgeon Martin, of *Suataru*, condemned by Medical Survey, court-martial business and others. Mail for this vessel should be addressed care Navy Pay Office, San Francisco, Cal.

MONOCACY, 3d rate 6 guns, Comdr. M. L. Johnson. Left Chingkiang Feb. 14, and arrived at Nanking Feb. 15. Relieved by the *Palos* and sent to Canton.

OMAHA, 2d rate, (flagship), 13 guns, Captain B. J. Cromwell. At Yokohama Feb. 21.

PALOS, 4th rate, 7 howitzers. Lieut. Comdr. Holman Vail. Arrived at Chingkiang Feb. 13, to relieve the *Monocacy* from river service in the Yangtze.

SWATARA, 3d rate, 8 guns, Comdr. P. H. Cooper. Arrived at Chemulpo, Korea, Feb. 10; left on Feb. 23 for Nagasaki, Japan. Is probably now at Chemulpo.

Apprentice Training Squadron.

JAMESTOWN, 13 guns, Comdr. B. P. Lamberton. Arrived at Port Royal, S. C., Feb. 16, which will be her address for the present.

PORTSMOUTH, 13 guns, Comdr. John Schouler. Sailed from New York Jan. 4 for a cruise in the West Indies. At Bridgetown, Barbadoes, Feb. 8.

Address mail as follows: To March 23, island of St. Thomas, care U. S. Consul; after that date Hampton Roads, Va.

MINNESOTA, 19 guns, Capt. G. C. Wiltse. Receiving ship for boys. Foot of W. 27th Street, North River. Entrance from W. 26th Street. P. O. address, Station E, New York.

NEW HAMPSHIRE, 8 howitzers, Receiving Ship for boys. Comdr. F. J. Higginson. Coaster's Island, Harbor, Newport, R. I.

On Special Service.

AND AWAITING ASSIGNMENT.

ALLIANCE, Commander H. C. Taylor. Sailed from Hampton Roads, Va., Saturday, March 8, for Asiatic station via Suez Canal and Red Sea. Address care B. F. Stevens, No. 4 Trafalgar Square, London, Eng.

BALTIMORE, Captain W. S. Schley. At Navy-yard, Norfolk, Va., where she will complete her

preparations for sea. When completed will be sent to Baltimore, Md.

ENTERPRISE, 3d rate, 6 guns, Comdr. B. H. McCalla. At Navy-yard, New York.

DESPATCH, 4th rate, Lieut. Wm. S. Cowles. Left Washington March 15, with Secretary of Navy and party for visit of inspection of Norfolk Navy-yard. Was grounded off lower Cedar Point while en route, and remained in that position until noon, March 19, when she proceeded to Norfolk to take on board the Secretary and party, who had on the previous day proceeded on their voyage in the Fish Commission steamer *Fish Hawk*. She returned to the Washington Navy-yard the latter part of the week.

FORTUNE, tug, Lieut. Comdr. A. J. Iverson. Vessel engaged in carrying freight between the several navy-yards. Present address Navy-yard, Washington, D. C.

MICHIGAN, 4th rate, 6 guns, (2 howitzers and 2 gatlings). Commander Geo. H. Wadleigh. At Erie, Pa.

PETREL, 4th rate, 4 guns, Lieut.-Comdr. W. H. Brownson. At Navy-yard, Norfolk, Va.

PENSACOLA, 2d rate, 16 guns, Captain Arthur R. Yates.

At Cape Town, South Africa, Feb. 5, 1890, to sail next day for St. Helena, and the probable movements of the ship will be as follows: Arrive at St. Helena, March 8; arrive at Ascension, March 20; arrive at Barbadoes between April 25 and May 1; arrive at New York, between May 15 and 20.

MONONGAHELA, sails, 2 guns, Lieut.-Comdr. W. C. Gibson. Left Navy-yard, Mare Island, for New York, March 8. Will be used as a training ship for apprentices.

RANGER, 3d rate, 1 gun, Lt.-Comdr. G. C. Reiter. Surveying on the coast of Lower California. Address care Navy Pay Office, San Francisco, Cal.

SARATOGA, Comdr. F. M. Green, nautical school-ship of Pennsylvania. At Philadelphia. Address 16 North Delaware avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

St. Mary's, sails, 8 guns, Comdr. A. S. Crowninshield. N. Y. Public Marine School. At New York.

THEIST, 3d rate, 2 machine guns, Lieut. Comdr. Charles H. Stockton. At Navy-yard, Mare Island, Cal.

Receiving Ships, Iron-Clads, Etc.

DALE, Comdr. Wm. Bainbridge-Hoff. Receiving ship. Navy-yard, Washington, D. C.

FRANKLIN, 30 guns, Capt. A. P. Cooke. Receiving ship. Navy-yard, Norfolk, Va.

INDEPENDENCE, 7 howitzers, Capt. J. W. Philip. Receiving ship. Navy-yard, Mare Island, Cal.

PHILOX, Naval Academy tug. Mate B. G. Perry in command. Annapolis, Md.

St. Louis, sails, Comdr. E. C. Merriman. Receiving ship. Navy-yard, League Island, Pa.

VERMONT, 1 gun, Capt. L. A. Beardslee. Receiving ship. Navy-yard, New York.

WARASH, 20 guns, Captain O. C. Carpenter. Receiving ship. Navy-yard, Boston, Mass.

The armor-clad *Ajax*, *Catskill*, *Canonius*, *Lehigh*, *Manhasset*, *Manhattan* and *Wyandotte*, in command of Comdr. J. D. Graham, are laid up near Richmond, Va. P. O. address, Richmond, Va.

VARIOUS NAVAL ITEMS.

The Statutory Board which examined the *Ossipee* at the Norfolk Navy-yard has reported to the Navy Department that it will take about 21 per cent. of her entire cost to put her into condition for sea service.

Owing to a fog which hung over the bay at Newport, R. I., March 17, the speed trials of torpedo boat *Cushing* were again postponed. It was decided to have a few turning trials in the harbor, and these, it is said, proved to be a success.

The racing programme of the Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht Club provides for three days of racing, namely: Thursday, June 5, a special race for the 40 ft. class of sloops, cutters and yawls. Saturday, June 21, the annual Corinthian race for all classes. Monday, June 23, a special race for the 40 ft. class and 30 ft. class of sloops, cutters and yawls.

The Naval Advisory Board is in session at Washington this week endeavoring to wind up the affairs connected with the Roach cruisers. According to the figures of the Board the assignees of the late John Roach are indebted to the Government to the extent of about \$60,000 for work performed in completing the cruisers over and above the contract price. The assignees have counter claims against the Government for extras performed before the failure of the contractor, which the Board is now considering.

On Thursday, March 13, the boys of the Pennsylvania nautical schoolship *Saratoga*, lying in the Delaware River, gave a reception to their parents and friends. The 100 or more boys were busy during the morning clearing and rubbing decks and making other preparations for their guests. At 2 P. M. the visitors began to arrive and continued until the vessel was crowded, nearly 1,000 people being aboard. The spar and gun deck was used for dancing and promenading to the music of a full band and on the berth deck refreshments were served. The affair was equal to any social event held in Philadelphia. The young misses, who were in the majority, had possession of the boat during the afternoon and greatly enjoyed the novelty of the occasion. The affair was entirely in the hands of the boys, who had the necessary committees appointed and the discipline displayed was certainly very creditable, considering their few months' service. Reception Committee—Charles Knobel, Jas. O'Connor, John L. Mehlman, David Tounsey, Wm. B. Kenderline, Clarence C. Moore, Wm. B. McCaskey and Geo. M. Hines. Sergeant-at-Arms—John Reilly, Floor Manager—J. Philip Stevenson. Assistant Floor Managers—Ralph Osborn, John H. Wood, Arthur C. Townsend, Jerry S. Lawrence, Nelson C. Grossman, Arthur M. Town, Eugene P. Goddard and John Van Leer.

The Italians are pushing forward very rapidly the works upon their great battleship *Sardagna* at Venice, and she is expected to be afloat in the course of the summer. There will be four triple-expansion driving engines, supplied by 16 boilers, each with four furnaces, for forced draught at a pressure of 10 atmospheres. In all, for her complete mechanism, the ship will have 62 engines, with 90 cylinders. The great engine (20,000 horse-power) is already in its place. It appears that the proposed armament, as well as that of the *Stella* and *Ré Umberto*, is to be modified. Each of these vessels will have four, instead of two, 125-ton guns. The cruiser *Fieramosca* (3,745 tons) recently made her trial at Leghorn in the presence of Admiral Turi. The engines and boilers gave great satisfaction, and, although 120 revolutions were attained, no heating occurred. With natural draught the speed was 15.6 knots, and with forced draught 17.5. After the trial the cruiser was docked, and when the bottom is cleaned she is expected to attain 18 knots. At Leghorn, in the yards of the Messrs. Orlando, two second-class cruisers and a torpedo-cruiser are in course of construction.

NAVY GAZETTE.

Ordered.

MARCH 14.—Ensign Allen G. Rogers, to examination for promotion.

Assistant Paymaster S. L. Heap, to the Dispatch. MARCH 17.—Lieutenant (junior grade) Burns T. Walling, to examination for promotion.

MARCH 18.—Commander Yates Stirling, to command the Dolphin.

Chaplain Jos. P. McIntyre, to the Baltimore April 10 next.

MARCH 19.—Chaplain Frank Thompson, to duty at the Navy-yard, Mare Island, Cal.

Detached.

MARCH 14.—Ensign Harry George, from the New Hampshire and ordered to the Coast Survey.

MARCH 18.—Commander Chas. O'Neill, from the command of the Dolphin, on the reporting of his relief, and ordered to the Navy-yard, Washington.

Lieutenant J. W. Carlin, from present duties in the Navy Department and ordered to special duty at Philadelphia, Bethlehem and Pittsburgh, Pa., and then to duty as inspector of steel at Union Iron Works, San Francisco, Cal.

MARCH 19.—Lieutenant Commander Wm. B. Newmann, from Navy-yard, New York, March 31, and ordered to the receiving ship St. Louis April 1.

Lieutenant Commander Wm. H. Webb, from receiving ship St. Louis, April 1, and ordered to duty at Navy-yard, League Island.

Nominations.

MARCH 17.—Edward Strong Bogert, a resident of New York, to be an assistant surgeon in the Navy, to fill a vacancy.

George Mackay, to be a civil engineer in the Navy, to fill a vacancy.

MARCH 19.—Commander Frederick Rodgers, to be captain, from Feb. 23, vice White, deceased.

Lieutenant Commander Chas. M. Thomas, to be a commander, Feb. 23, vice Rodgers, promoted.

Lieutenant Robt. E. Carmody, to be lieutenant commander, Feb. 23, vice Thomas, promoted.

Lieutenant Henry C. Gearing (junior grade) to be lieutenant, Feb. 23, vice Carmody, promoted.

Ensign Geo. H. Stafford (junior grade), to be lieutenant, Feb. 23, vice Gearing, promoted. (Subject to examination.)

Ensign Geo. R. Clark, to be lieutenant, Feb. 16, vice Wakenshaw (junior grade), deceased.

Commodore Andrew E. K. Benham, to be rear admiral, Feb. 23, vice Jouett, retired.

Captain Jos. Fyffe, to be a commodore, Feb. 23, vice Benham, promoted.

Commander John F. McGlensley, to be captain, Feb. 23, vice Fyffe, promoted.

Lieutenant Commander Albert S. Snow, to be commander, Feb. 23, vice McGlensley, promoted.

Lieutenant Eugene D. F. Heald, to be lieutenant commander, Feb. 23, vice Snow, promoted.

Lieutenant Templin M. Potts (junior grade), to be lieutenant, Feb. 23, vice Heald, promoted.

Ensign Allen G. Rogers, to be lieutenant (junior grade), Feb. 23, vice Potts, promoted. (Subject to examination.)

Lieutenant Wm. H. Allen (junior grade), to be lieutenant, March 5, vice Wright, deceased.

Ensign Wm. P. White, to be lieutenant (junior grade), March 5, vice Allen, promoted. (Subject to examination.)

Resigned.

The resignation of Pay Director James Fulton as Chief of the Bureau of Provision and Clothing accepted.

Leave.

Commander E. T. Woodward granted sick leave for one year.

FROM THE ASIATIC STATION.

REAR ADMIRAL G. E. BELKNAP reports the following changes in personnel of that station under date of Feb. 21:

P. A. Surg. J. W. Baker, on 10th inst., was transferred from Naval Hospital, Yokohama, back to duty on board the *Palos*; Asst. Surg. Louis W. Atlee, ordered from temporary duty on *Palos* back to *Marion*.

Capt. B. J. Cromwell reported on 13th inst., and on 15th relieved Capt. F. V. McNair of command of *Omaha*. Capt. F. V. McNair was detached from command of *Omaha* on 15th inst., and ordered to continue on duty as chief of staff until 25th inst., to finish work already in hand. Comdr. M. L. Johnson, commanding *Monocacy*, reported on 10th inst. that Ensign W. H. Whittlesey is well, and will rejoin in a couple of days.

The general health of the squadron remains excellent.

LAUNCH OF THE NEWARK.

THE new U. S. cruiser *Newark* was successfully launched from the yards of William Cramp and Sons, Philadelphia, Pa., at 12.30 P. M., on March 19. The launch was in every way eminently satisfactory. Despite the snow and slush fully 6,000 people

were present. Many distinguished people attended the launch, among whom were Senator Blackburn, accompanied by Mrs. Blackburn and daughters; Congressman Boutelle, of Maine; Congressmen Watson, Dooliver, McAdoo, and Herbert, of the Naval Committee; Admiral Jouett, Chief Constructor Wilson, Engineer-in-Chief Melville, Surg.-Gen. Brown, U. S. N., and Lieuts. Fletcher and Beattie; Mayor Haines, members of the Board of Trade and City Councils, of Newark, N. J., and prominent citizens.

The vessel was christened by Miss Grace H. Boutelle, daughter of Congressman Boutelle. At the conclusion of the ceremony the guests of the ship-building firm sat down to a bountiful lunch, served in the private office of Messrs. Cramp. The young ladies of the "christening party" were each presented by Mr. Wm. Cramp with a handsome bouquet of roses, to which were attached handsomely painted ribbons.

MONITORS AND BATTLESHIPS.

Quoting from the opinion concerning the monitors published here, the *Scientific American* says:

"As to high speed, of course, that is not to be expected of a monitor. It was promised for the modern fighting ship, but how much has been realized? Sixteen knots with forced draught, it is, perhaps, not unfair to say, is good time for the best of them, if we except a few, and these mostly unarmored or protected cruisers. Now, forced draught has come to be regarded as a recourse of such doubtful expediency that there is reason to believe it will in the not distant future go out of use. Without it the speed of the averaged armored ship is much below 16 knots an hour. If we except speed and the comfort of the crew, the monitor would seem to be a more effective engine of war than the average modern ship. It has greater buoyancy and presents but a minimum of target.

"Now, the turret of a monitor, the only target that would be presented to the fire of an adversary, may, because of the great buoyant body under it, be made of a weight and thickness which is practically impervious to the assault of heavy guns, while the largest modern fighting ship cannot float a weight of armor that may not readily be pierced at short range.

"This being the case, it would seem reasonable to inquire what advantage it possesses over the monitor as an offensive war engine to make up for the enormous excess of cost? It can run away from the monitor, True. But it cannot hope to catch the unarmored, or even the protected, cruiser, while the latter, if it can be made to realize the promise of its designing, ought to be able to overhaul the most speedy craft of the mercantile fleet.

"From this, it would seem that the ponderous and costly fighting ship, of which so many examples are to be found in European fleets, is but a nondescript, a giant only formidable in the warlike appearance of its fashioning.

"The newest design is not always the best, a fact that has found ample corroboration in warship construction. It is fortunate, therefore, considering the qualities the monitor type is known to possess, and the doubt yet existing as to its possibilities, that it is to have further development and test; some of the best of the old ones, notably the *Puritan* and *Terror*, being now almost rehabilitated, and the Navy Department disposed to further investigation in the same direction."

(Special to the Brooklyn Eagle.)

LIEUTENANT MASON HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH THE McCALLA INQUIRY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 14.

THE idea that Comdr. McCalla will succeed in proving himself the victim of a conspiracy gotten up by Lieut. Mason, Secretary Tracy's naval aide, is preposterous. It is understood here that McCalla says the charges against him were published and pressed by Mason because he sent Mason home from the Isthmus in disgrace. Neither the assertion nor the implied reason have any truth in them. The day after the fire in Secretary Tracy's residence Lieut. Mason met with serious internal injuries and for a week his life was in the balance. His physicians were almost without hope, and not until two weeks later was the patient allowed to leave his bed. Since that time Lieut. Mason has been on sick leave until last Wednesday, when he appeared at the Department a few hours. It was during his critical illness that the state of affairs on the *Enterprise* leaked out, the *Eagle* was the first paper to publish them, and the *Eagle* representative certainly got nothing from Lieut. Mason. Lieut. Mason may not be particularly popular in the Navy Department, but even those who like him least know that he had nothing to do with the McCalla case. It is well known that he has refused to talk even with his friends about the matter, on the ground that his relations were too peculiar to permit him to make a criticism in the premises. He said, when questioned on Wednesday, that as a naval officer he could hardly believe things were as bad as they were painted, but he would not discuss them even with Sec. Tracy. Lt. Mason had a slight relapse yesterday and is not at his house today. It is learned from the records that he was not sent home in disgrace. He organized the artillery force at the Brooklyn Yard and went in command of it to the Isthmus. Soon after reaching there he was relieved of the command by McCalla, in what is said to have been a totally unwarranted manner, and Lieut. C. A. Allibone put in his place. He did not come home, but remained under McCalla's immediate command until everyone else came home, and organized the Naval Bureau of Intelligence. Then he handed in his resignation and went abroad on a year's leave. He withdrew his resignation six months later, went to China and soon returned to take the position he now holds.

The April *St. Nicholas* will contain the first of several important papers entitled "Six Years in the Wilds of Central Africa," by Mr. E. J. Glave, one of Stanley's pioneer officers. These articles will contain vivid descriptions of the author's personal experiences, and will, in addition, tell much of the methods and achievements of the great explorer Stanley. The series will be illustrated by Kemble, Taber, and other artists, after sketches by the author.

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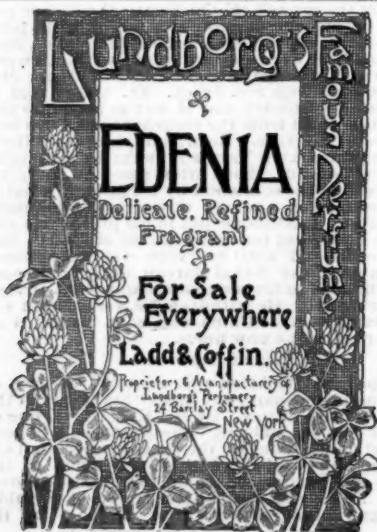
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ARMYNAVY.

The San Francisco Report thinks that the United
States Army is not an army in fact, but merely an
armed police force, and that it will not be an army
until it shall have learned the new conditions of
war brought about by the range and precision of
modern weapons and the use of smokeless powder.

MONTREAL is to have a Grand Army post, if pos-
sible, as there are many Union veterans permanent
residents of that city.

A DESPATCH was received at the War Department
on Friday, conveying the melancholy, as well as
most unexpected news, that Major-General George
Crook was found dead in bed at the Grand
Pacific Hotel, Chicago, at 7.15 o'clock on Fri-
day morning. The services of such a man as
General Crook cannot be summed up in a
paragraph, and we shall reserve for another week
our notice of the career of this distinguished sol-
dier. It covers a period of nearly forty-two years
since his admission to the Military Academy,
on the 1st of July, 1848. It includes dis-
tinguished Indian service before and since the War
of the Rebellion, in which last great contest Crook
won brevets in the Regular Army from major up
to major general for "gallant and meritorious ser-
vices" at Lewisburg, Antietam, Farmington, Tenn.;
Fisher's Hill, Va., and in the campaign of 1864 in
West Virginia. Gen. Crook belonged to the class
at the Military Academy numbering among its
members Generals Casey, Slocum, Stanley, Hart-
suff, Woods, McCook, Kautz, and Hawkins. Though
he did not make a distinguished record as a scholar,
standing number thirty-eight, he exhibited there
those qualities to which he owes his exceptionally suc-
cessful career as an officer.

THE Secretary of War has found that there is
more opposition to the proposed order granting
amnesty to deserters than he at first supposed, and
as a consequence the order is still pending, and the
probabilities are will remain unissued for some
time to come, if it ever appears at all. No action
could be more damaging to the military than the
issue of such an order, especially just at the pres-
ent time when there is a determined effort to weaken
the bonds of discipline.

GOVERNOR'S ISLAND is still sought after as the
place for the immigrant landing depot, although
Bedlow's was actually determined upon by the
Treasury officials.

THE expected orders transferring the Headquar-
ters of the Department of the Missouri from Fort
Leavenworth, Kansas, to St. Louis, Missouri, made
its appearance on Saturday last. The change is to
take effect on or about June 1 next. The difficul-
ties resulting in this change are simply these insepa-
rable from the attempt to maintain two headquar-
ters at one post. It appears that when Lieut. A.
M. Fuller, 2d Cav., went on duty at the Fort Leaven-
worth School several months ago, he took with him a
valuable dog, the pride of his master and a great
pet with the family. Now there is a regulation at
this particular post prohibiting unmuzzled dogs
from running at large on the reservation, and under
this regulation the dog was "removed" by one of
the sergeants on the post. Anyone familiar with
the emotions that agitate the human breast under
such circumstances, can reproduce for himself the
remarks of Lieut. Fuller, concerning the execu-
tioner. The sergeant reported to the post com-
mander that his life had been threatened, and here
commenced the official correspondence resulting
finally in the removal of the Department Head-
quarters. Charges were preferred against Lieut.
Fuller for disobeying the post regulations, and for
threatening the sergeant. Col. McCook forwarded
them to the department commander with the re-
commendation that a court be ordered. Gen. Merritt
returned the papers, declining to detail a court on
the ground that the action of the sergeant in killing
the dog was unjustified, because the object of the
order was well understood to prevent the promi-
scuous running around of unmuzzled dogs during
the heated period when there is liability of danger
from hydrophobia. Col. McCook made an appeal
from this decision, and the papers passed into the
hands of the Division Commander, Gen. Crook,
who knowing that matters were not running along
very smoothly between Gen. Merritt and Col. Mc-
Cook, and desiring peace as essential to the proper
administration of military affairs, forwarded the
correspondence to Washington with the recommen-
dation that Gen. Merritt's headquarters be changed.
The authorities there, after many efforts on the part
of influential persons to prevent the change, from
others to have the transfer made to Kansas City,
and others who were fighting in the interest of St.
Louis, finally decided as already stated in selecting
the latter place.

THE resignation on Friday last of Paymaster-Gen-
eral James Fulton as Chief of Bureau of Provisions
and Clothing, while not altogether unexpected in the
inner circle, was nevertheless a surprise to the gen-
eral naval public. It became apparent in the early
part of Secretary Tracy's administration that

was not entirely satisfied with this branch of his official family, but there is no explanation as to the occasion for the change at this time. All that is positively known is that there was a stormy interview between the Secretary and Paymaster-General Fulton on Friday morning last, and a few hours later the latter tendered his resignation, packed up his private papers and left the office. The subject of this interview is said to be an offensive letter written by Mr. Fulton to Captain McCann, commandant of the Boston Navy yard, in regard to the purchase of some stores by that officer without authority from the Bureau. The Secretary, it is said, regarding the act of a bureau chief essentially that of the head of the Department, took Mr. Fulton to task for writing such a letter, and his resignation followed. Commander Dewey, in addition to his other duties, is temporarily in charge of the Bureau. Pay Inspector Stewart, it is generally believed, will be appointed to the vacancy.

The transfer of the Revenue Marine Service from the Treasury to the Navy Department may now be regarded as practically accomplished. Whatever doubt may have existed as to the ultimate result is entirely dispelled by the passage of the Lodge bill by the House on March 17, as a bill practically the same has already received the unanimous report of the Senate Naval Committee. Some opposition was developed during the debate in the House, but the final vote showed this to be even less vigorous than might have been expected, considering the importance of the measure and the diversity of opinion that has hitherto prevailed in Congress. There were 144 votes for and 19 against its passage. The opposition was led by Messrs. Cannon and Blount, their principal ground of objection being that the sole object of the measure was to give Revenue Marine officers the benefit of the Navy pay and retirement laws, without any corresponding benefits to the public service. This was answered by Messrs. Lodge, Boutelle, McAdoo, and Herbert, who plainly gave the main good public reasons for the change. The bill was passed in the same shape as reported from the committee, with the exception of the following amendment adopted on motion of Mr. Spinola of New York: "But the pilots now employed upon any of the vessels transferred to the Navy by this act shall be retained in their present positions at the same pay and emoluments that they now receive, unless removed for cause."

The House Committee on Expenditures in the Treasury Department has made a favorable report on a bill, which, if enacted into a law, will insure the settlement of the Watson longevity claims whatever may be the ultimatum of the Second Comptroller on the question before him. It is not improbable that the Comptroller may further delay his decision until it is seen what action Congress takes on the pending bill. This bill, No. 4625, provides:

That whenever any claimant, either as a soldier or his heirs properly identified, makes application for pay for services rendered to the United States Government, it shall be the duty of the accounting officer to consider the claim for all pay, bounty, travel pay, clothing allowance, pay for use and risk of horse and all other allowances that may be due from the United States and make a clear and complete settlement of the soldier's account. If any previous settlement has been made in the case, it shall be re-opened if any error can be found, and a new, correct and final settlement be made. Applications filed before a wrong officer must be forwarded to the officer having authority to settle the class of cases filed and the claimant informed. If, after settlement, there exist matters which the accounting officer has no authority to settle, the claimant must be informed of the fact, and where an application should be filed. In no case shall the accounting officer seek to avoid a settlement or payment of money lawfully due when the claimant makes application in proper form, even though he does not specifically claim the allowance due, and the provisions of this bill, so far as applicable, shall extend to the sailors of the United States Navy, the officers and ex-officers of the United States Army and Navy, and their heirs.

In their report recommending the passage of the bill for the reorganization of the artillery force of the Army, the House Military Committee, says: "It is believed that, aside from the necessity for a larger complement of the artillery arm, in view of legislation affecting our sea-coast defenses, this reorganization of the artillery will be most beneficial to the arm, and will give it increased efficiency by the change or assignment of the officers and the promotion consequent thereupon. During the past few years promotion in the line of the Army has become almost entirely stagnant, and it will ordinarily take a graduate of the academy a life-time to rise to the grade of captain or major. Under these circumstances they lose, to a great extent, their interest in the service and do not maintain that high order of excellence that might be expected if they could look forward to reasonable promotion as a reward for their efforts. This legislation is recommended in the strongest terms by the Major-General commanding the Army as well as by the Secretary of War. Your committee has given full and careful deliberation to this bill, and in view of the considerations stated by the Secretary of War and the Major-General commanding the Army they report it unanimously, with the recommendation that it do pass."

The Senate Committee on Pensions in reporting favorably a bill granting an increase of pension to the widow of the late General G. K. Warren says: "Mrs. Warren is now becoming old, in weakened health, with a very limited and uncertain income, so that her present pension does not afford the comforts of life. Beyond this, she has little that she can depend upon, and besides herself, has necessary expenditures for two of her children. Her personal labor has become unavoidable in obtaining a livelihood. It is an act of justice merely to the memory of this gallant and devoted officer, to provide for the comfort of her who is the widow of one of the purest patriots who ever served in the American Army." There are many in the Army who will read this with a sigh of regret that times should thus have changed with the wife of the gallant and able chief of the famous Fifth Corps of the Army of the Potomac: the talented young officer of Engineers, whose quick perception saved "Little Round Top" to the Army of General Meade and thus exerted so important an influence on the fortunes of that great day at Gettysburg when the fate of an Empire hung in the scale. The tears of widows and the sighs of orphans are the price we have paid for our liberties. How many are they who enjoy the fruits of victory who have counted their cost?

We are glad to observe that the Secretary of War intends to adhere scrupulously to the three year rule in the detail of officers to college duty. He has thus far made but a single exception, and his recent action in this case indicates that there will be no more. This was in the case of Lieut. G. F. E. Harrison, 2d Artillery, who last year received a three years' extension, after having already completed a tour at the California State University. At the time the extension was granted, the Secretary had only been in office a few weeks and had not had time to shape his course in such matters. He has since, however, recognized that he made a mistake and to correct it has determined to relieve Lieut. Harrison at the end of the present school year. He is also daily denying requests for extension from other officers.

The clergy have been prompt to learn of the four approaching vacancies in the position of post chaplains, judging from the rapid increase during the past few weeks to the already large list of candidates. Some of the entirely new applicants who have good endorsements are the Rev. T. J. W. Hogan, of Massachusetts; Revs. John Kimball, of Vermont; J. A. Ward and J. E. Stoops, of Indiana; W. B. Morrow, of Pennsylvania; M. S. Woodruff and S. D. Breed, of Michigan; J. G. Wright, of Illinois, and A. McE. Wylie, G. E. Stockwell and H. P. Bake, of New York. There are several hundred others, including those who have applied during the past several years.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Kansas City Times, advertising to a statement that religious soldiers are jeered and scoffed at, etc., says: "I care not in what company a man may be serving. If he attends to his own duties and behaves himself as a Christian and a gentleman, there is not one man in a hundred who would scoff or jeer at him. I speak from experience of two years and four months at the post of Fort Leavenworth, and in all that time I was respected and every man who knew me was my friend. Soldiers gamble and drink, but not to the degree supposed by those who know nothing of a soldier's life, but show me a class of citizens who do not."

The San Francisco Report, referring to a proposition to form a "Highland Guard," asks: "What high land does the Guard intend to protect? Is it the high land of the Mission, and will Colonels Mone and Shadburne head the hardy mountaineers of the Twin Peaks and Bernal Heights against the insulting and predatory owners of the cows and goats of that suburb; or has Telegraph Hill at last decided to rise against tyrannical contractors and make a determined and bloody struggle for its undermined hearthstones and shattered altars?"

A CORRESPONDENT, referring to statements as to extra duty pay men receiving more pay than non-commissioned officers, says: "We have a case at this post that beats all. A recruit has just received \$41 as his pay for the month. It may puzzle some, but it is so." We are left in doubt, however, why it is so, but hope to be able to explain later on.

A RICHMOND (Va.) despatch says: "There is some prospect of the Jeff Davis, or, as it was familiarly called during the War, the Confederate, White House being transformed into a museum for Southern war relics."

GENERAL N. A. MILES, U. S. A., visited Willets Point, N. Y. H., on Thursday, in company with other officers, and was hospitably welcomed by Col. W. R. King, the commandant, and given full opportunity to witness the workings of the Engineer School of Application.

THE CASE OF LIEUTENANT STEELE.

The General Court-Martial convened for the trial of 2d Lt. M. F. Steele, 8th Cav., assembled in Chicago at noon Tuesday, March 18, session being held in Battery 'D' armory, which had been engaged for the purpose to accommodate the spectators who desired to attend, a large number of officers of the Illinois National Guard and others being present.

Lieut. Steele introduced as his counsel, Lt. E. H. Crowder, 8th Cav.

In addition to the spectators who packed the room there were a large number of reporters present representing all the daily papers in Chicago, New York and other cities.

The first day's session was occupied by the prosecution. Captain Murray, Judge Advocate, presented two witnesses, the principal one being Dal P. Wild who had come down from St. Paul, where he had been exhibiting himself at \$25 per day posing as a martyr to tyranny and brutality of Army officers. The other witness was Corporal Scott, 12th Infantry, who was a private and member of the guard October 24, 1889, and took Wild from Lieut. Steele's quarters to the guardhouse. The spectators were very noisy, loudly applauding any points that seemed to be in Wild's favor. The reporter of the New York World stated that last Saturday Wild had applied to that paper to employ and pay for a counsel, as he needed a lawyer to protect his interests, and claimed that without it justice would not be done him, and he was too poor to pay for one himself. The World was not informed that Wild was in a dime museum at the rate of \$25 per day, and ordered its Chicago correspondent to get one at their expense in Wild's behalf.

On cross examination in reply to the question whether he had not said since the occurrence that he was sorry he had not shot Lieut. Steele, he stated no, but he would rather have shot him than have done what he considered servants' work. He said he would not object to doing work on soldiers' barracks, but he would object to do any work on a building occupied by an officer, as that was quartermaster's work, and that if he got into any trouble he would want to be tried by civil court, as there was no use expecting any justice in a Court-martial of Army officers. The Court honored the question of the defence in regard to his former service in the 15th Infantry, and finally, after repeated requests on the part of the defence, permitted one of its witnesses, who was formerly 1st Sergeant in the company in which it is said that Wild had once served under the alias of Ward, to come into the court room, look at Wild and retire.

After the prosecution had rested and the Court adjourned in order to give the defence time to prepare its side of the case, the correspondent of the New York World remarked that it was turning out to be a weak case, when he was informed by a bystander that only one side of the sensational case had been heard, and that was the side given by Wild in the newspapers, the purpose evidently being to injure the Army as much as possible. That was the opinion of the National Guard officers who were present.

Wild was given an opportunity to summon any witnesses from any posts at which he had served, to testify as to his credibility and character, but was unable to suggest any person who could swear as to his character for veracity.

On Wednesday several Army witnesses testified that they would not believe Wild under oath, and also to their personal knowledge that Lieut. Steele always acted in a gentlemanly manner towards the men of the troop and never in a tyrannical manner.

Sergt. John Comas testified that when he was a sergeant in Co. I, 15th Inf., Wild was a private in the same company under the name of Daniel P. Ward. Wild's reputation for truth was bad, and he would not believe him under oath.

Musican Cramler testified that Wild's lack of veracity had been frequently discussed by the men in the garrison, who nearly all agreed that he was a notorious liar.

Wild being recalled, admitted that he could not give the name of any member of his troop who would testify to his veracity. The defence offered to produce twenty-two witnesses to testify to Wild's bad reputation, and all the soldiers of Lieut. Steele's company to testify to the latter's humane rule as an officer.

The deposition of Sergt. Wenritt, of the recruiting service, was read. In this the sergeant said: "Wild came into my office and talked about his Army experience. He said he had been in the Army 15 years, but boasted that he had never served five years in any one company. He said that he had a personal grudge against Lieut. Steele, and for that reason did not obey his orders. He said he would have done the fatigue duty demanded by Lieut. Steele only for Steele's refusal to do him a favor. He said he would make the most out of this row and make money by exhibiting himself at museums in Chicago and Cincinnati. He said he hoped Lieut. Steele would be cashiered or put in prison, and then he would consider himself even with Steele. He called Steele vile names, and said he had refused to do the fatigue duty because he had said that he would not do it, and when he went down to Lieut. Steele's quarters the men were watching him through the windows to see what he would do."

When Wild was recalled he refused to make answer to questions relating to the sergeant's statements. Evidence was presented to show that he had been Court-martialled five times, had been in the guard house eleven times, and had been discharged on account of physical disability. Wild's lightest sentence was three days in the guard house and the most severe 79 days.

Lieut. Steele's counsel maintained that the striking of a good soldier could not be justified, while in the case of a soldier like Wild it was right.

Testimony was also presented to show that Lieut. Steele was a kind and considerate officer, and more will follow.

In the G. C. M. case of Wild at Fort Yates, Lieut. Steele testified as follows:

"The accused came over to my quarters. I asked him if the first sergeant had told him to wait till I came. He said, 'No, sir.' I then said, 'I want you to help me put this piece of canvas on the shed.' He said in a most sullen way, 'I refuse to do that, lieutenant.' Said I, 'Why do you refuse to do it?' Turning away in a disrespectful way, he said, 'I didn't want to work for officers.' I said then, 'This is no personal work for me. It is the quartermaster's

work, but as he can not have it done, I am going to do it, and I want you to help me." He said, "If it is quartermaster's work, the quartermaster ought to do it." "I positively order you to take hold of this canvas and help me put it on this shed." He said, in a disrespectful and insolent manner as possible, "I refuse to do it." I became very angry. I told him that I knew he was a deserter before he enlisted. I think I used an oath in speaking to him. He hung his head down and shook it in a threatening way mumbling that "if I knew him to be a deserter I ought to put charges against him," or something of that sort. I touched his cap visor and raised it in order that I could see the expression of his face. He then said, "Now, lieutenant, that's going a little too far." I then ordered him again in these words, "I order you to take hold of that canvas." He said, "I won't do it," and made a motion to leave. I then lost control of my temper and struck him. He ran out of the yard leaving his cap. He went to the barracks. I went immediately over and had him confined. This occurred at Fort Yates, Dak.

THE McCALLA COURT OF INQUIRY.

BEFORE the McCalla Court of Inquiry on Saturday, March 15, Seaman's Apprentice S. R. Graham, who was put into double irons by mistake, testified that at the end of five days the Commander sent for him, and when he went to his cabin asked him if he had had permission to go to the head that night. "I told him that I had, and he said he was sorry I had been ironed. He asked me why I had not told him so in the first place, and I said that I didn't think it was necessary, because he hadn't asked me about it. Then I was released from irons and restored to duty."

To Mr. Menzies, Graham said that Ensign Kline was present when he was ordered in irons, but had said nothing about having granted him permission to be absent from post.

John Glynn, the Corporal of the Guard, who was put in irons at the same time with Graham, said that he was off post that night without permission. Glynn volunteered the statement that he had "got nothing to say against Commander McCalla; he has always acted very gentlemanly toward me."

Lieut. Garst then called for Lewis Meyer, the seaman's apprentice whom Comdr. McCalla threatened to kill for smiling at him. He said: "I was at the mast for being disrespectful to Lieut. Mulligan, and while I was there Comdr. McCalla came up and looked at me. He did not say anything to me, but in a few seconds he sent an orderly into his cabin for his sword. When it was brought to him he buckled it on and then drew it. Then he said to me:

"What made you smile at me?"

"I did not smile at you, sir," I said.

"You lie," he said; "I've got a good mind to kill you."

"I did not say anything to that, and then the Commander said:

"I've got a good mind to kill you, to show a good example to the rest of the ship's company." I did not make any answer to this, and then the Commander walked away."

On cross examination he said he had not smiled at the Commander, nor had he been in any way insolent to him. He was not thinking of his own case, nor of Commander McCalla, when he first addressed him, and he therefore might "have had a pleasant look on his face."

On Monday several men of the *Enterprise* testified to their experience with the discipline of the ship. Sergeant Corcoran, who is now a sergeant of marines on board the *Wabash*, in the Charlestown Navy-yard, was master-at-arms on board the *Enterprise* during the greater part of her cruise. His story of the striking of Fireman Walker agreed substantially with that of the other witnesses. The master-at-arms threw him down, and Lieut. Mulligan picked up a swab which was used for cleaning the decks, and held it over Walker's mouth long enough to stop his cries. At another time the witness heard Lieut. Ingersoll say to Seaman Neill that "he was going to have his damned head knocked off." He took a belaying pin from the rail to enforce his threat, but changed his mind. At St. Petersburg, Sergeant Corcoran said, two men, Norris and Leany, who had been left behind at Cronstadt, reported to the ship. They were taken to the mast, where Lieut. Ingersoll said to them:

"What did you come back for, you ———?"

"You can't call me a ———," replied one of them.

"If you don't go forward I'll knock your damned brains out," cried Lieut. Ingersoll, brandishing a belaying pin about their heads.

Corcoran, regarding his reports of punishments while on the ship, said, he filled the blank space for "remarks" in one instance with a note saying that the prisoner had been confined in a straitjacket. He was ordered to change the report to read simply that the man had been put in the sentry's charge for safe keeping.

Corcoran brought the boy Meyer to the mast and was present when Commander McCalla threatened the boy with his sword. He heard the captain say, with his sword close to the boy's face:

"You smile at me, you insolent hound! Damn you, I've a good mind to kill you in your tracks and make an example of you."

On the cross-examination of one witness, Gustav Gustavese, Lawyer Menzies put a question or two at the suggestion of his client.

"Didn't the commander grant the men in your department three days' leave on one occasion for good conduct?"

"We never got it from the captain. He had orders from the admiral to give it to us," said the witness stubbornly. "If Captain McCalla had his own way we never would have had the leave, and that's what the whole ship's crew thinks."

On Tuesday Lieuts. Ingersoll and Mulligan were summoned by the court, and the privilege of cross-examining witnesses was given to them, because much of the testimony has had a direct bearing upon themselves. Before the court was brought to order Admiral Kimberly told J. A. Garst that he intended to ascertain hereafter, if possible, just where all the various orders for unusual punishments on board the *Enterprise* originated, in order to fix the responsibility for them.

Lieut. Ingersoll was accompanied by his counsel, Chas. W. Alexander, of the law firm of Alexander and Green.

Referring to the fact that he was tried up to the Jacob's ladder because he wouldn't stand, a witness, Jeremiah Shea,

fireman, said he was so tired marching up and down day and night that he could not stand.

"Who had you tied up?" asked Admiral Kimberly.

"Lieut. Mulligan tied me up himself."

"Did you help tie up this man?" the Admiral asked of Lieut. Mulligan.

"I don't remember having tied him up. I don't know anything about it, sir," answered Lieut. Mulligan.

"Consider you are under oath in answering any questions that are put to you," said the Admiral, looking at the Lieutenant.

Lieut. Mulligan also denied all recollection of trying up two men, Bitner and Murphy, who testified against him. In another case, that of Henning, he was carrying out the orders of the executive officer.

Michael Murphy, recalled, testified to seeing Keavy gagged, and when the afternoon session began Ensign Kline, who was called at Keavy's request, said he saw Keavy struck by Ingersoll. When Kline had left the stand Mr. Alexander said Lieut. Ingersoll was ready to make his statement.

"We'll hear that," said the Admiral, "when we get through with the complaints."

A. C. Neill said, "the boatswain's mate reported me to the executive officer and I was taken to the mast. Then Mr. Ingersoll said to me:

"Damn you, Neill, what you want is to have your brains knocked out."

"He pulled a belaying pin from the starboard rail and held it over my head, and I didn't move, so he put the pin back and struck me with his fist."

On cross examination, Neill said that Ingersoll's blow was hard enough to throw him down on the ropes between the mainmast and the life rail.

Berry Sanford, a private in the Marine Corps, was called by Neill and he testified to seeing Ingersoll strike Neill on this occasion, once on the breast and once on the neck. E. F. McDonald, another witness, had seen so many "goings on" on board the *Enterprise* that he could not remember the details of the incident. Just before he left the stand McDonald voluntarily burst out with this statement: "For my part, I wouldn't wish to see any better commander than Comdr. McCalla."

Paul Henning corroborated the striking of Neill, and realistically tumbled on the floor of the court to show how Neill went down under the blows. He was himself put into irons for being disrespectful to Lieut. Osterhaus, although he says he had said nothing more than "Aye, aye, sir!"

W. Fitzgerald, P. J. Armstrong, coal heaver, and Seaman Witt testified to having been struck by Lieut. Ingersoll. Several men also complained of harsh treatment by Lieut. Lemly.

At the end of the session on Wednesday Lieut. Mulligan was allowed to make a statement to the court. "I wish to say," he said, "that I have no recollection of using a crab on Walker, and it did so it was not as a punishment, but simply to quiet the man. The testimony concerning my treatment of prisoners at Cronstadt is absolutely false. I did gag Keavy, but I had a good reason for it. I was alone on the quarterdeck much of the time with the drunken prisoners, and the commander's orders were that the men were to be kept on their feet until sober, and absolute silence was to be preserved. I consider that I was doing my duty under the circumstances. I knew that if I gave up to the men I might just as well go below."

In response to a question from Comdr. McCalla's counsel, Mr. Choate, the court announced that it would confine itself to reporting its conclusions as to the facts established, but would give no opinion as to whether further judicial action should be had. On Thursday, Comdr. McCalla and Ensign Kline gave their respective versions of the circumstances attending the suspension of the latter. Comdr. McCalla testified that while lying at anchor in the Scheidt in the middle of the night he rang his electric bell for fifteen minutes without getting any response. He said: "I then got up and dressed myself. On going out, I did not see the orderly, quartermaster or corporal of the guard, and going to the pilot house I saw Ensign Kline stretched out on a chair. I opened the door, went into the house, and shook the officer, after looking at him for four or five seconds. He jumped up with a cry of 'O!' knocking over a lantern. I accused him of having been asleep on watch, and he denied it. Afterward I called the executive officer and placed Ensign Kline under suspension. I also ordered that the quartermaster and the orderly be confined for being off their posts."

Ensign Kline said: "On the night in question, after 1 o'clock, I paced to and fro on the bridge several times, and then went into the pilot house. I heard the captain's bell ring several times, and soon afterward some one came to the starboard door of the pilot house, which was closed. The person had some difficulty in opening the door and said 'Get up, sir.' I recognized the voice as that of Commander McCalla. He did not enter the house, but stood on the threshold, and said that I had been asleep. I denied the charge, and in going out of the pilot-house, knocked over my lantern with my overcoat. I followed the commander, and he, with an oath, said to the quartermaster: 'You've been asleep,' and told the orderly that he had been asleep, too. It was then about 20 minutes to 2 o'clock."

The quartermaster, Graham, and Glynn, the orderly, who had been put in double irons on the charge of being off their posts, next testified. They agreed that it was about 20 minutes to 2 when the Commander ordered their arrest. The orderly said that he was washing clothes when the Commander got up, and did not hear the bell. He said that Capt. McCalla frequently rang the pantry bell instead of his own, the buttons being side by side, and he must have made this mistake on the night in question, and that was why the witness had not heard the signal that he was wanted. The Commander was positive, however, that he had pressed the buttons of both bells.

Comdr. McCalla fixed the time as four minutes of two o'clock. Ensign Kline, Lieut. Ingersoll and several members of the crew fix the time at sixteen minutes earlier, the object being to show that members of the crew had seen Mr. Kline wide awake at short intervals during his watch, and that the time which elapsed between one of the sailors speaking to the officer and his being discovered asleep, according to the Commander, was too short for him to have fallen into such a sound slumber that he was not awakened when his superior opened the door of the pilot-house, as was alleged.

(Correspondence of the Army and Navy Journal.)

NAVAL ACADEMY.

MARCH 19, 1890.

THE past week has been a very quiet one at the Academy. Saturday evening there was a stag hop in the boat-house. The 2d Class Hop Committee tried some of their music for the June ball. It is said that they will not be allowed to hold it in the armory, as usual, but will have to use the boat-house. This will probably result in having no ball at all, as it would be folly to spend \$1,000 on a ball to be given in a room that cannot accommodate over a hundred couples.

Drills this week are rigging the Wyoming preparatory to Saturday morning cruises. Cadet Traub, of the 3d Class, who has been sick for some time, has been granted sick leave for one month. Cadet Eberle, who has been on sick leave for some time, has resigned. Baseball is in season now and every evening the team practices for an hour. Challenges have been accepted to play with several college teams. Our battery will be Hartung and Laws, both of '91.

N. A.

LATE ARMY ORDERS.

1st Lieut. J. H. H. Peshine, 13th Inf., has been detailed to duty at the Ohio Normal University, relieving 1st Lieut. John Baxter, Jr., 9th Inf., who is ordered to join his company. 2d Lieut. Robert H. Noble, 1st Inf., has been detailed to duty at St. John's College, Annapolis, Md., relieving 1st Lieut. M. F. Jamar, 13th Inf., who is ordered to join his company. (S. O. H. Q. A., March 20).

THE NEW ARMY REGISTER.

THE anxiously awaited Army Register has at last made its appearance. As a partial apology for the long delay, the Adjutant General's office is exerting itself to its utmost to secure prompt distribution, and several thousand copies have already passed out through the mails. In addition to the index to the page giving the name, rank, corps and regiment as heretofore, this Register contains an index to staff service and casualties, and likewise the numbers on the lineal and relative lists. Another departure is the incorporation of such service as senior instructors in the several departments at West Point, as acting adjutant generals, inspector generals, judge advocate generals, engineer officers, ordnance officers, inspectors of rifle practice, inspectors of small arms, inspectors of artillery target practice and signal officers or division and department headquarters under the general head of Staff Service. This feature is to be further enlarged, as shown by the following note on page 272: "As it is contemplated to make this record more complete in the next official Army Register to be published, officers are requested to report to the Adjutant General special service which would properly come under this heading. To facilitate examination and unification it is desirable that these reports be made without delay." Another entirely new feature, which it is thought will go far towards stimulating "Young America" in his search for military knowledge, is the giving the names of the students who stood highest in the military department at last commencement of colleges, etc., having military instructors detailed from the Army.

For the first time also the names of the honor graduates of the Fort Monroe Artillery School and Fort Leavenworth Infantry and Cavalry School, who are now in the Service, are given in the Army Register.

QUARTERMASTER'S SERGEANTS.

To the Editor of the Army and Navy Journal:

YOUR attention is invited to H. R. Bill 4588, introduced by Representative Snyder. When divers bills had been introduced in Congress, all tending to benefit N. C. O. of the line and leaving the Post N. C. Staff entirely in the cold, letters were addressed by us to Congressmen and Senators reciting the claims of the Post N. C. Staff for increase of pay, asking interest in our behalf, and, if possible, we be included in bills for increase of pay to N. C. O. Replies have been received, our claims admitted and assistance in a manner assured. It now remains with us to bring whatever influence we can to bear either on Congressmen or Senators, directly or indirectly, at once, and untiringly showing our general appeal throughout every post in the Army and the public at large.

It is believed that concentrated action on our part will ensure the passage of the bill above quoted, and thus give us substantial and just remuneration for services well and faithfully performed.

Q. M. SERGEANT.

FORT PREBLE, MAINE, March 14, 1890.

CHAPLAINS IN THE ARMY.

THE MATHEMATICS OF IT.

To the Editor of the Army and Navy Journal:

UNDER the caption "Army Chaplains," a correspondent suggests that, "if the number of chaplains is to remain at the present figure, it would seem for the best interests of the Service that the selection should be limited to those denominations most numerous and widespread, with the understanding that only Methodists or Baptists be appointed to the four colored regiments." I cannot understand what method he follows in estimating the number that would fall to each denomination under this rule, for the latest statistics I have at hand would give the apportionment something like this (taking Sadlier's estimate of the number of Roman Catholics, and estimating the number of adherents at three and one-half times the number of communicants): Methodist, 10; Baptist, 9; Roman Catholic, 8; Presbyterian, 3; Lutheran, 3; all other denominations in the United States, 3; total, 34, the present number. X+Y.

REVENUE MARINE.

THE urgency deficiency bill which passed the Senate this week, contains an item of \$8,000, as an additional amount for maintenance of a refuge station at or near Point Barrow, Alaska.

At the investigation of the charges against Capt. Healy in San Francisco, Lieut. Buhn, the executive officer of the Rear, testified in behalf of the defence that under Capt. Healy's orders he took several sailors from the bark Estella to the Bear at Ounalaska last July and tried them up about fifteen minutes, and afterwards double-ironed them and fastened them to stanchions below the decks. He said the punishment was not painful at all, and that Capt. Healy had told him the trying up was intended to frighten the men more than to hurt them. The witness also testified that Capt. Healy was not intoxicated on the entire trip, and he considered him a remarkably humane man.

THE 21st annual reunion of the Society of the Army of the Potomac will be held at Portland, Me., on July 3, 4 and 5. The programme as outlined, subject, however, to modification by the Local Committee, is as follows: Thursday, July 3, 10 A. M.—Corps meetings; 12 M.—Society meeting. Address of welcome; 2 P. M.—Oration by Gen. Francis A. Walker, of Boston. Poem by Hon. Horatio King, ex-Postmaster-General, of Washington, D. C.; 8 P. M.—Banquet in City Hall. Friday, July 4, 10 A. M.—Grand military and civic parade, followed by the unveiling of the soldiers' monument in Market square. Saturday, July 5, 10 A. M.—Excursion down the harbor, with clam bake.

It is understood at the Navy Department that the court-martial in the case of Commander Coglian, accused of writing an improper letter to a California newspaper, will not be able to accomplish anything, owing to the inability to prove that the Commander wrote the letter printed over his signature. The original copy has been destroyed, and the editor of the paper, it is understood, will refuse to swear that it was written in Comdr. Coglian's handwriting. This is what might have been expected. No editor will furnish testimony to convict a correspondent of the offence of furnishing him with information.

THE STATE TROOPS.

Correspondence on subjects appertaining to this department of the paper is always gladly received. The wishes of contributors as to the use of their names will be scrupulously regarded.

THE VETERAN RESERVE BILL.

The hearing before the State Assembly Committee on Military Affairs at Albany, N. Y., on Thursday, March 13, on Mr. de Peyster's veteran reserve bill, brought out a very determined opposition on the part of the National Guard of the State, represented by various military men present. It is safe to say that the entire body of State troops is a unit against the passage of the measure, which is opposed on the ground that "the organization proposed therein would be prejudicial to public interest and calculated to undermine and impair the efficiency and usefulness of the National Guard of the State."

Gen. Louis Fitzgerald, commanding the 1st Brigade, was the first speaker. He presented a protest signed by officers of his brigade. In speaking on the measure, he said that it had been argued that a veteran reserve force was a necessity in cases of emergency for the proper protection of armories while the active troops were engaged in service. He was willing, however, to undertake the protection of armories in his brigade without the aid of any reserve. The General, in speaking on the subject of commissions, said: "Members of the National Guard did hard and effective work, and about the only hope of reward they had was the winning of a commission. Under the circumstances they would naturally feel proud of them, but under the provisions of the bill a commission to the Guardsmen would no longer be an incentive for work, as they would be distributed broadcast among those who were doing nothing to earn them." In conclusion, he characterized the bill as a sham and a fraud.

Gen. P. C. Doyle, of the 4th Brigade, also presented a protest signed by his officers, and made an argument against the bill.

Gen. A. J. Parker, 3d Brigade, presented a remonstrance from the officers of the 3d Brigade, and said it was the sentiment of nearly the whole of Eastern New York, and he believed it would be better policy to place the State troops on a proper footing before any attempt was made to create another force, which would call for additional expense.

Col. Smith, 2d Regt., presented a protest coming from the 2d Brigade, and said if there was any value in the argument that there were not sufficient men to protect the armories, why not increase the National Guard to an extent deemed sufficient for their preservation.

Capt. C. E. Lydecker, 7th Regt., made an exhaustive argument against the measure. If the Legislature now had difficulty in legislating for a force of 15,000 men, what would be the result when it had 75,000 to provide for, the number this bill permitted.

Col. Appleton, 7th Regt., and others also spoke strongly against the bill. Those appearing for the bill were Leonard F. Beckwith, formerly of the 7th Regiment, and Mr. Ward, a veteran of the 71st Regiment.

STAFF OFFICERS RIGHTS OF ELECTION.

GEN. CLIFFORD A. H. BARTLETT, J.-A. General, S. N. Y., has rendered an opinion in the case of the appeal by Capt. Geo. E. B. Hart from the decision in the case of the election for Lieut.-Colonel of the 2d Regt., N. G. S. N. Y. The question presented upon this appeal is whether staff officers have the right to participate in the election of field officers of regiments under the National Guard system of New York. The provisions of Art. XI, Sec. 2, Constitution, are cited and shown to agree with those of the Constitution of 1821. These provisions remained in force for nearly 40 years without modification, except by Sec. 3, Chap. 502 of the Laws of 1867, which provided that regimental staff officers should not be allowed to vote at any election of field officers. Previous to this statute of 1867, so far as can be ascertained, staff officers were permitted to participate in the election of field officers. "The same fact also appears from an opinion of one of my predecessors in office, Gen. Alexander W. Harvey, written Dec. 23, 1865." Gen. Bartlett says:

In the view which I take of the present case, it would be unprofitable now to discuss the question whether the construction formerly placed upon the Constitution and the Revised Statutes was correct, that is to say, whether staff officers were as matter of law included in the term "commissioned officers of regiments" within the meaning of the Constitution, and therefore entitled to vote for field officers. The provision of the Military Code, as it now exists, in respect to the election of field officers, was originally enacted in 1875 (Laws of 1875, Chap. 223, Sec. 15). It provides that field officers of regiments or battalions shall be chosen "by the written or printed votes of the field officers and the commissioned troop, battery or company officers of their respective regiments or battalions." This provision clearly excludes staff officers from participating in the choice of field officers; and the question upon which this appeal turns is whether such exclusion is unconstitutional. In the consideration of such a question it is a cardinal rule that nothing but a clear violation of the Constitution will justify a court in overruling the legislative will. Every statute is presumed to be constitutional and every intendment is in favor of its validity.

The last section of the article of the Constitution relating to the militia is a broad grant of power. It authorizes the Legislature to abolish the mode of election and appointment of militia officers prescribed by the Constitution, if that mode proved unsatisfactory. No particular method of abolition is directed, and plainly the Legislature may do away with the whole system by substituting a new one in its stead if the old one is not deemed to be conducive to the improvement of the militia.

The power vested in the Legislature by the Constitution to provide another mode of appointment embraces the power to change the mode of election. The word appointment is broad enough to include it. (U. S. Constitution, Art. II, Ex Parte Humphrey, 10 Wm. 614; The People ex rel Little v. Sampson, 25 Barbour, 254, pp. 260, 261; The People v. Serugham, 25 Barbour, 216, 220.)

The enactment of Chapter 223 of the laws of 1875, was a valid exercise of the powers conferred upon the Legislature, by the Constitution, to change the mode of election and appointment of militia officers.

Even if there were more doubt about this question than there seems to be, it is clearly expedient and proper to construe an act of the Legislature as constitutional rather than unconstitutional, and it is possible, without doing violence to the language under consideration, to adopt a view which will make the legislation valid. In my opinion, therefore, the existing provisions of the Military Code with reference to the election of field officers must be deemed constitutional, and should be upheld by the military authorities, at

all events until the courts shall have declared that they are in conflict with the fundamental law of the State.

We give the references to cases, but omit the citation from the opinions contained in them.

Twenty-third New York.—Col. J. N. Partridge.

This command assembled at its armory on Clermont Avenue, Brooklyn, on Saturday evening, March 15, for review by Col. Everdell, the regiment's first colonel, and presentation of long service and recruiting medals and Ambulance Corps badges. The audience was large and select to a marked degree, and its patience was not tried by delays. The exercises began with a dress parade, which ceremony was performed in an excellent manner, all parts of it being uniformly good.

After parade was dismissed, the companies were equalized into ten commands of 17 files, for review, which was tendered to Col. Everdell, who was accompanied by Gen. John B. Woodward, Judge Pratt, (the regiment's second colonel,) Col. A. S. Bacon, Col. W. S. Orden, Col. C. H. Stoddard, Maj. Ferry and Dr. G. H. Bennett.

The second formation, like the first, was all that could be desired. During passage in review, in both quick and double time, it would have been impossible for a spectator, be he civilian or soldier, to suppress his admiration of the splendid performance. It was grand; further comment would be useless.

The steadiness of the men during presentation, which consumed much time, was praiseworthy. The recipients of medals and badges were as follows:

LONG SERVICE MEDALS.

Diamond Medal, for 25 years' service, to Private Samuel M. Wood, Co. H.

Gold medal for 20 years' service, to Privates Robert J. MacVeety, Co. K, and Frank H. Corduan, Co. E.

Silver medal, for 15 years' service, to Privates John W. Sweeney, Co. D, 1st Lieut. William S. Banta, Co. C, and Private Lewis J. Elliott, Co. C.

Bronze medals, for ten years' service, to Private A. L. Duran, Co. D; Musicians Thomas K. Payson, Co. B; Musician Jesse W. Mills, Co. I; Private George A. Kellogg, Co. E; Private Nicholas S. Carter, Co. K; Private Fred'k A. Hursey, Co. A; Major and Surgeon William E. Spencer; 1st Lieut. George A. Williams, Co. H; 2d Lieut. Clarence E. Hubbard, Co. H; Sergt. Richard H. Hurley, Co. H; Musician Philip H. Haws, Co. H; Private John N. Bryant, Co. H; Private William Burbank, Co. H; Private William V. Nevins, Co. H; Private Richard N. Chichester, Co. H; Captain Henry C. Everdell, Co. A; 1st Sergt. George A. Turnbull, Co. D; Private Charles H. Keutgen, Co. A; Sergt.-Major Frank W. Quereau; 2d Lieut. Thomas M. Close, Co. B; Private De Witt P. Dutcher, Co. G; Sergt. Halstead P. Fowler, Co. F.

Ambulance Corps Badges.—Robert E. Irwin, Co. A; R. J. Blake, Co. A; Alfred Raymond, Co. A; Henry F. Blackwell, Co. C; P. U. Walcott, Co. C; E. E. Loug, Co. C; E. F. Buchanan, Co. D; Samuel Berger, Co. G; A. I. Mitchell, Co. I; F. W. Baraby, Co. I; Sergt. Wm. Huette, Hosp. Steward, N. C. S., and Sergt. G. H. Thomas, Standard Bearer, N. C. S. Veteran Association Recruiting Medals for 1880.—Gold medal, Pvt. R. R. Grenelle, Co. K; silver medal, Pvt. F. E. Corduan, Co. E, and bronze medal, Private J. M. Tiebout, Co. F.

The military portion of the programme was concluded by a short but faultless drill of 10 commands of 16 files, in the school of the battalion, which displayed to a nicety the ability of the officers and the intelligence of the enlisted men.

In the concert following, Bandmaster Fohs paid a graceful compliment to Private Samuel M. Wood, who enjoys the distinction of being the first and only recipient of the diamond iron cross for 25 years active service, by rendering (for the first time) his new quickstep, "Fidelis et Constantis," which he has dedicated to Private Wood. From a musical point of view it is a new proof of Mr. Fohs's talent. Among the many military guests were observed General McLeer and Colonel Story.

The evening's entertainment was brought to a close with dancing.

The floral decorations in the company rooms were a tasteful feature.

The programmes were exceptionally neat and well arranged.

First Battery.—Captain Louis Wendel.

The parade of the battery for divine service on Sunday evening resulted in a large turnout. The members, in command of Capt. Wendel, first assembled in the armory, from whence they marched to St. Ann's Episcopal Church, 19th street and 5th avenue, where their chaplain, the Rev. Dr. Maynard, preached there a very eloquent sermon, which all listened to with evident interest.

The grand calico reception and ball which will be celebrated at the armory, 334-344 W. 44th street, on Wednesday evening, March 26, will, it is expected, eclipse all the previous enjoyable social affairs for which the 1st Battery is so celebrated.

Seventh New York.—Colonel D. Appleton.

The regiment will parade for review by Belg.-Gen. Fitzgerald, and for the annual presentation to its officers and members of the Cross of Honor for long and faithful service, on Monday, March 24. Assembly at 8 P. M. Admission (except for officers and members of the regiment in uniform) will be by ticket only. The detail for guard will be as follows: Officer of the Day, Capt. Louis E. LeFerts; Officers of the Guard, Lieuts. S. Wm. Merritt and Harry E. Zittel, two sergeants, three corporals, and 50 privates (five from each company). Adjutant's call for guard mount will be sounded at 7 P. M.

The games of the Regimental Athletic Association, which take place at the armory Saturday evening, April 6, promise to be very interesting. The different events are as follows: 93 yd. run, for those who never won a prize in any running race; 1,000 yd. run; inter-company tug-of-war, teams of four men, weight limited to 650 pounds; one mile bicycle race, scratch, for those who have never won a prize in any bicycle race at any regimental games; 230 yd. run; one-half mile walk; putting 16 lb. shot; sack race, 50 yds.; three mile invitation bicycle race, scratch; 440 yd. run; potato race, scratch, 10 potatoes, two yds. apart; 230 yd. hurdle; one-half mile run, scratch, for regimental cup, for those who have never won a prize in any running race; running high jump; wheelbarrow race, two laps; one-half mile roller skating race; three-legged race, one lap; two mile bicycle race, handicap; team race, scratch, four laps.

Col. Appleton will review the 18th Regiment, of Brooklyn, on April 6.

Cos. E and F of this command assembled on Tuesday evening, March 18, for drill in the school of the battalion. With Lieut. Eccles acting as adjutant, the formation of six commands of 12 files was promptly and correctly made. Manual, marching in columns of fours and companies good, as usual. Formation of divisions from columns of companies at full distance was splendidly executed in both quick and double time. Wheeling by battalion began fairly

and was persisted in with gratifying results, the final wheel being as near perfect as possible. The commands, "Wings, right forward, four right," as given by the colonel, we fail to find in the tactics, as is also the case with the command, "Wings, left front into line." The necessity of these movements we fail to appreciate, and, if any should exist, we think that the regularly prescribed movements in the tactics will answer.

At the command, "Rally by division," bayonets were fixed: at the command, "Form divisions," they were unfixed. The fixing and unfixing of bayonets in executing these movements is not provided for by the tactics. In fairness to Colonel Appleton, however, the fixing of bayonets in rallying by division must be admitted to be sensible, as the presumption is that an attack from cavalry is expected. It is also justified by Upton in skirmish rallies.

The firing by company, rank, wing and battalion was perfect, but it was certainly ill-advised to omit arms port and open chamber when the companies were turned over to the captains by the first sergeants. This was done by command of colonel, and the pieces inspected by company commanders previous to firing. The orderly and uniform manner in which the companies were marched off the floor and dismissed, is worthy of imitation by all.

At a meeting of the Board of Captains of the 7th Regiment it was decided that it was not expedient to accept the invitation of the 23d Regiment to unite with that command in a field day at Prospect Park.

The second and final competition for the "Team of Five" trophy was shot at the armory range last Saturday evening, and won by Co. B on an aggregate score of 634. The winning team and its score follow:

Lieut. S. W. Merritt.....	270 yds.	4455454—31
	500 yds.	5545555—34—65
Pvt. O. M. Beach, Jr.....	300 yds.	4544554—31
	500 yds.	5454555—33—64
Capt. D. A. Nesbitt.....	300 yds.	4455444—30
	500 yds.	5555554—34—64
Pvt. G. W. Happy.....	300 yds.	5544444—30
	500 yds.	4555545—34—64
Corpl. H. V. D. Black.....	300 yds.	4443554—29
	500 yds.	3555555—30—59

Total, 200 yds., 151; 500 yds., 169..... 316

First competition..... 308

Grand total..... 624

Other companies made:

	1st Comp'n.	2d Comp'n.	Grand total.
A.....	316	300	622
K.....	314	304	622
F.....	312	302	614
C.....	315	298	611
H.....	306	305	611
G.....	302	304	606
I.....	311	293	604
E.....	297	279	576

Saturday evening, March 22, the "Team of Two" match takes place. This is an entirely new match, and will be the first attempt in teams of this size.

Twelfth New York.—Colonel H. Dowd.

The athletic games which take place at the armory of the 12th Regiment on Thursday evening next, March 27, will certainly ensure an evening of rare sport and a mammoth meeting. The number of entries (400) is unprecedented in the history of regimental games, either indoors or out. The secret of this great success is good management, and a proper regard for the welfare of both the audience and the athletes, and, as heretofore, this has been kept in mind. As many extra seats as are consistent with room will be provided, and the games run off as promptly as possible. It will be a heavy task for the officials, but as they are all gentlemen of acknowledged ability and long experience, everything is bound to run smooth, and up to the usual standard of excellence for which the games of the 12th are now justly celebrated. Many prominent athletes are among the large number entered, including Messrs. Day, George, Young, Hjortberg, and others. A reception will follow the games. The events are as follows, for all amateurs: 60 yards dash, 440 yards run, one mile run, two mile bicycle, one mile walk, obstacle race, and half mile novice race for those who have never won a prize. The following events are open exclusively to members of the 12th Regiment, for which entrance is free: 60 yards dash and 1,000 yards run. We have a criticism on the drill of Cos. B, D, G and H, on March 18, which space does not permit us to publish this week.

Twenty-second New York.—Col. John T. Camp.

Cos. K, D, I, A and G, of this command, assembled for battalion drill on Monday evening, March 17. Promptness from the sounding of assembly to the command "Guides posts" was remarked. In forming divisions from column of companies at full distance, the lack of promptness and distinctness in giving of commands by commanders of companies, caused the movement to be poorly executed. The side step was executed by the battalion in proper time. Dressing were remarkable for their rapidity, but not strictly according to Upton's Tactics 38, which says, substantially, the entire rank . . . moves forward . . . in quick time, shortening the last step as to find themselves about six inches behind the alignment; it then moves on the line, which must never be passed, taking steps of two or three inches, etc., etc. Instead of this, at the command to dress, most of the companies in this regiment rush upon the line in such a manner that the admonition of the tactics, that the line must never be passed, is entirely forgotten, and the dressing lacks the element of good order so necessary in all things military. The feature of battalion drills of this regiment is the rapidity with which one movement is followed by another, officers and guides being thoroughly conversant with their duties. A large portion of the tactics is covered in each drill, but many details of certain importance fail to receive proper attention. This may be due to crowded quarters, and we trust will not be true of the regiment after a season of drill in its new armory.

The regiment will give a review, etc., on Easter Monday. Final arrangements have not as yet been completed. This will be the last affair in their present quarters, as on the following Saturday they assemble and march up to their new armory.

Lieut. Col. elect Leo is ready to go before the Brigade Board of Examination, and is awaiting their pleasure.

SOME COMING EVENTS.

We have received notification of the following:
March 25.—Athletic games of 23d N. Y., at armory.
March 26.—Reception of 3d Battery, N. Y., at armory, Brooklyn, N. Y.
March 26.—Review of the 7th N. Y. and presentation of Crosses of Honor.
March 26.—Calico ball of 1st Battery, N. Y., at armory.
March 27.—Spring Athletic Games, 12th Regt., at armory.
March 27.—Review of 9th N. Y., at armory.
March 28.—Review of 47th N. Y., at armory.
April 6.—Review of 18th N. Y., at armory.
April 6.—Athletic games of 7th N. Y., at armory.
April 6.—Athletic games Co. 1, 69th N. Y., at armory.
April 11.—Reception and dinner, Co. A, 1st N. Y., at armory.
April 11.—Reception of 11th Sep. Co., N. Y., Mt. Vernon.
April 14.—Review of 23d N. Y., at armory.

VARIOUS.

It is said that the 12th N. Y. is desirous of securing two of the Gatling guns of the 2d Battery, which the latter organization have no use for, now that it has the new field pieces. It is hoped the regiment may secure the same; they would be a valuable acquisition.

The 47th N. Y., Col. E. F. Gaylor, will have a review and dress parade on Friday evening, March 23. They will be reviewed by Major Chapin, and the feature of the evening will be the distribution of long-service and 100 per cent. duty medals. After the review there will be dancing.

Colonel Camp of the 23d N. Y., in orders under date of March 18, directs that the battalion drills ordered under Order No. 6, current series, from these headquarters are hereby suspended. Companies B, C, E, F, G and I, will assemble at the armory, in fatigue uniform, for drill on Monday, March 24, Friday, March 25, and Monday, March 31, at 8 P. M. A Delinquency Court for the trial of enlisted men of this regiment is hereby appointed, and will convene at the armory, Monday, March 24, at 7:30 P. M. Detail for the Court: Capt. John F. Leo, 23d Regiment.

In our account in JOURNAL of March 1, of the review, etc., of the 23d Regiment, at its armory, Feb. 28, we criticized the action of Col. Camp, in that he did not breathe his sword before joining the reviewing officer, overlooking the fact that a decision on that point, made in 1887, had superseded the decision of 1885, which we had in mind when the account was written. We publish in full in another column, the governing decision on this question.

Adjt.-Gen. Jas. D. Glenn, of North Carolina, in G. O. 2, March 1, announces that owing to changes heretofore prescribed in General Orders, and such other modifications as have been rendered necessary by the new United States regulations for the issue of clothing, it is deemed necessary to revoke all former orders relating to the uniform of the State Guard, and publishes new regulations accordingly.

Col. E. F. Gaylor has ordered an election for Lieutenant-colonel of the 47th Regiment, April 2.

In the New York State Assembly on March 17, Mr. Peck's bill for making the care of the armories a State charge came up on final passage, and drew forth from Mr. Peck the statement that the National Guard was a State affair just as the Army was a national affair, and so the State should care for the armories. A discussion of the bill passed, 67 to 19. It is an excellent measure.

The bill re-appropriating \$35,000 for a State armory at Poughkeepsie, has been ordered to a third reading.

Captain Rufus Delafield, Co. C, 12th N. Y., has resigned.

The review of the 9th N. Y., by General Daniel E. Sickles, U. S. A., retired, on March 21, at the armory, will be a prominent affair and largely attended. The long service medals will be presented the same evening, and the band will make its appearance in a new uniform. A reception will follow the military ceremonies.

At the affair of the 2d Brigade Signal Corps, which will be held at the Bedford Riding Academy on April 8, an attempt will be made to transmit a map by signal. Some officers will draw a map and it will be transmitted by signal from one station to another. This has never been done in this country and this attempt will be watched with interest.

The following passed the Examining Board, at Headquarters 2d Brigade, N. Y., March 17: Capt. William J. Kaiser, Major, 33d Regt.; 2d Lieut. George W. Rodgers, 1st Lieut. Co. K, 13th Regt.; 2d Lieut. G. Peabody, 1st Lieut. Co. D, 13th Regt.; 1st Sergt. J. P. McNamara, 2d Lieut., Co. C, 14th Regt.; 1st Lieut. Charles C. Wallace, adjutant, 16th Regt.; Sergt. William G. Thum, 1st Lieut., Co. A, 22d Regt., and Capt. William H. A. Cochran, 13th Regt., appointed aide-de-camp, 2d Brigade staff.

At a meeting of the 3d N. Y. Battery this week, the four men, Messrs. Herotzheimer, Russell, Bose and Walker, who apologized for the trouble they made in the organization, were asked to resign.

Adjt.-Gen. Dalton, of Massachusetts, in orders dated March 18, 1890, announces that until the adoption of new tactics by the General Government, Upton's Tactics and the Guard Manual issued by the A. G. O., Mass., will continue in use in the State.

Brig. Gen. C. A. H. Bartlett, Judge Advocate General of New York, has rendered a very full and valuable opinion on whether staff officers have the right to participate in the election of field officers of regiments under the National Guard system of the State. After an exhaustive examination on the subject, Gen. Bartlett in conclusion is of opinion that, under the existing provisions of the military code, with reference to the election of field officers, it must be deemed constitutional, and should be upheld by the military authorities. Adjt. Gen. Porter concurs in the opinion, and military men generally, throughout the Guard will fully endorse it. The conclusion reached in the opinion is certainly to the interest of the Guard, besides being sound law.

Col. David E. Austen, of the 13th N. Y., has issued the following general order: The regiment will assemble in fatigue uniform for drill and instruction on Monday evening, March 31. The regiment is directed to parade in dress uniform on Thursday, April 3, for review by Col. Daniel Appleton, commander of the 7th Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y. A Board for the examination of non-commissioned officers is hereby

ordered as follows: Lieut.-Col. William J. Harding, Capt. George G. Cochran, Lieuts. Anderson, Taylor and Orellius. The Board will convene on the third Wednesday of each month and at such other time as the senior officer detailed may direct.

The 32d N. Y., Col. Finkelmeyer, will be reviewed by Mayor Chapin at their armory on April 14, 1890. A reception will follow the military ceremonies. Capt. E. Magnus, of Co. D, is convalescing.

There will be a joint soiree and reception at the 13th Regiment Armory, Hanson place and Flatbush avenue, Brooklyn, on Monday evening, April 7. The participants will be Company D and De Witt Clinton Commandery, Knights Templar.

The following battalion drills in the 1st and 2d N. Y. Brigades take place next week: Monday, March 24, Cos. B, C, E, F, G, and I, 23d Regt.; B, H, and I, 1st Regt.; A, C, E, F, and K, 12th Regt. Tuesday, March 25, A, D, E, and K, 47th Regt.; E and F, 23d Regt.; A, C, D, and F, 13th Regt. Wednesday, March 26, D, F, and K, 1st Regt.; E, G, and I, 13th Regt. Thursday, March 27, B, F, G, and I, 47th Regt.; 8th Regt.; I and K, 23d Regt.; E, I, B, G, and K, 14th Regt. Friday, March 28, A, C, and G, 1st Regt.; B, H, and K, 13th Regt.; F, H, C, D, and A, 14th Regt.

The ball of the Non-Coms of the 60th N. Y., at Turnverein Hall, on the evening of March 17, and that of Co. C, Captain McCarthy, at Tammany Hall, the same evening, were both very enjoyable events, and equally well attended. The officers of the regiment divided themselves in their attendance, a delegation being present at each affair. Lieut.-Col. Moran and Captain Cox, who attended the ball of the Non-Coms, were each presented with a sword voted recently for popularity—the former receiving that offered by the Evening World, and the latter that at the fair of the Carmelite Fathers. Mayor Grant made the presentation to Captain Moran, and Mayor Gleason, of Long Island City, to Colonel Moran. At the ball of Co. C, General Fitzgerald, 1st N. Y. Brigade, in behalf of the 60th Regiment, presented Adjutant Murphy with a handsome gold 3d Army Corps badge in the shape of a three-leaf clover, with a diamond, ruby and emerald in the centre.

Speaking of the delinquency court, referred to last week, the Albany Journal says: "A prominent officer of the 10th, in conversation the other night, warmly championed the late delinquency court for the trial of officers. He took the ground that the court had no option as to the trying of officers; that officers could not be excused for absence when they had neglected to secure a leave from the proper authority. The finding would do them good; they would know better next time. There was no use in having a law on the statute books that was not enforced. The same rule should apply to the trial of delinquent enlisted men; in fact, the court was under oath to administer the law. He had frequently notified the men of his company, by orders and otherwise, that whenever their business or absolute necessity required their absence from drill or parade that they must immediately apply for an excuse or be returned as delinquents. There seems to be much wisdom in this view of the case and his timely words should be taken as a warning. It is to be hoped, however, that General Parker will remit the fines imposed by the late court and when so doing admonish the delinquents to follow the advice of the officer quoted."

A dinner was tendered to Governor Hill's staff, by Brig.-Gen. Ferdinand P. Earle, Chief of Artillery, at his residence, 114 West 35th street, last evening (March 31). Covers were laid for 30, and the hour of dining was set at 7 o'clock. It was a distinguished gathering, the following gentlemen being invited: Governor David B. Hill, Governor Leon Abbott, Lieutenant-Governor E. J. Jones, Mayor Grant, State Comptroller Edward Wemple, Judge Wm. L. Muller, Major-General Joseph W. Plume, Col. Daniel S. Lamont, Gen. Louis Fitzgerald, Gen. James McGee, Adjt. Gen. Joseph Porter, Gen. Dudley S. Steele, Gen. Thomas L. Watson, Gen. Chas. F. Robbins, Gen. Geo. S. Field, Gen. Ralph Brandreth, Gen. W. S. Stokes, Gen. Emmous Clark, Gen. J. D. Bryant, Gen. J. M. Varian, Gen. C. A. H. Bartlett, Gen. Emil Schaifer, Gen. D. D. Wylie, Gen. Thomas H. Barber, Gen. Wm. F. Lansing, Col. Edmund L. Judson, Col. Albert B. Hilton, Col. Marcus D. Russell, Col. T. S. Williams, Col. Hugh O'Donoghue, Col. Jacob Ruppert, Jr., Col. Frank S. Collins, Col. Geo. M. McClellan, Rev. Dr. D. Parker Morgan and Rev. Newland Maynard.

Military Order of the Loyal Legion.

The regular nomination of officers for 1890 and 1891, New York Commandery, is as follows: Commander, Gen. Wagner Swayne, U. S. A., (retired); Senior Vice-Comd., General Charles A. Carleton, U. S. V.; Junior Vice-Comd., Medical Director Delevan Bloodgood, U. S. N.; Recorder, Paymaster George De Forest Barton, late U. S. N.; Registrar, Captain William H. Jewell, U. S. V.; Treasurer, A. A. Paymaster Allen S. Apgar, late U. S. N.; Chancellor, Colonel

Charles N. Swift, U. S. V.; Chaplain, Rev. Thomas Drumm, chaplain, U. S. V.; Council, Major J. Langdon Ward, U. S. V.; Med.-Director George Peck, U. S. N., (retired); Lt. Col. George L. Gillespie, U. S. A.; Lieut.-Comdr. Charles H. McKay, U. S. N., (retired); and Bvt.-Major Thomas B. Odell, U. S. V.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

F. M. C.—Apply to the Adjutant General, stating for what object, or use, the information requested is desired.

E. L. P.—Write to the Adjutant General of the Army and he may send you a copy of the Army Register for 1890, issued this week.

Lex.—Yes, while Lieut. Carbaugh is on duty as Acting Judge Advocate, Dept. of Texas, he will have the rank, pay, and allowances of a captain of Cavalry.

Gunner.—It has not yet been decided which light battery of the 1st Artillery, will go to Fort Hamilton, and which to Vancouver Barracks. Dillenback commands the one now at Presidio, and Capron that at Vancouver.

7th Cav. asks: A troop waiting in front of the quarters for assembly to sound for retreat, an officer passes and the 1st sergeant calls attention. The men stand at attention and the 1st sergeant salutes. Is this correct? Ans.—Yes, perfectly correct.

E. M. asks: 1. Is there a law forbidding the education of two brothers at West Point? Ans.—No.

2. What districts do Geo. Montgomery and James Hamilton represent there? Have their successors been appointed yet? Ans.—11th N. Y. and 11th Mass. Yes.

F. S.—Write to the Adjutant, Military Academy, West Point, N. Y., and ask for a copy of the circular giving full information as to the requirements for admission as a cadet. It ought not to be difficult for you to find out what Congressional District you live in. Go to the mayor's office for instance.

Corporal, Co. F, 17th Infantry, Fort D. A. Russell.—1. Your question regarding Texas Grip is answered to "Airosa" in JOURNAL of March 8. 2. At muster, when the commanding officer inspects the guard, the officer of the day and officer of the guard being present, who presents the guard to the commanding officer, the officer of the day or guard? Ans.—The officer of the guard.

M. W. and Co.—A cast steel gun, weighing 235 tons, has been built by Messrs. Krupp for Cronstadt. The calibre of the gun is 13½ in., the barrel is 40 ft. in length, its greatest diameter being 6½ ft. The range of the gun is over 11 miles, and it will fire two shots per minute, each shot costing between \$1,250 and \$1,500, not including the wear of the gun. At the trials of the gun, held in the presence of Russian officers at Meppen, the projectile—4 ft. long and weighing 1,800 lb., and propelled by a charge of 700 lb. of powder—penetrated 19½ in. of armor, and went 1,312 yards beyond the target.

E. P. asks: 1. Tell me how the custom of sounding "taps" over the grave of a deceased soldier originated. Ans.—It is a modern innovation, and the first time we recall its being done, was at the funeral of General Grant. It is now quite a custom.

2. Are there any words adapted to "Taps." If so, please give them. Ans.—The words are: 1. "Fades the light, And afar, Goeth day, Cometh night, And a star, Leadeth all, Speedeth all, To their rest. 2. Love, Good night! Must thou go, When the day, And the light, need thee so, Needeth all, Heedeth all, That is best."

H. asks: Are the Non com. Staff, Regimental and General, entitled to the benefits of the canteen; that is, are they entitled to the division of the savings at the end of the quarter, the same as the companies? Ans.—Yes; if they have contributed to the canteen within the meaning of par. 341, A. R., 1889.

West Pointer asks: 1. Will there be any civilians appointed to the position of 2d Lieutenant in the U. S. Army soon? Ans.—We think not.

2. What qualifications as to age, education, etc., are required, and in what form should applications be made? Ans.—See G. O. 5, A. G. O., of 1890, published in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL of Jan. 11, page 383.

Armor.—A shot moving at the rate of even 1320 feet a second, would pass through a 16-inch armor plate in the 1-1000 part of a second; so that the force of the heaviest rifle shot is insufficient to overcome the inertia of any considerable portion of an armor plate or to put it

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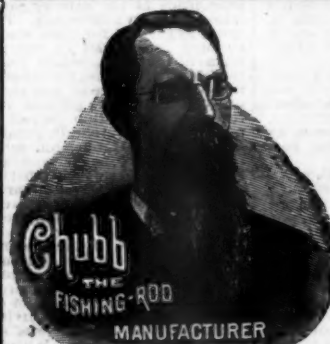
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particles in motion from a state of rest. Unless, therefore, the inertia and cohesive force of the portion of a plate covered by a shot are together sufficient to check its progress, the plate will be perforated or broken.

T. W.—Please give nature of authority for an A. C. S. to refuse the sale for cash to an enlisted man, of any article of subsistence stores, when a permit is presented as provided for in A. R. 1406. Ans.—Par. 1406, is explicit, but there is always a discretion resting with the issuing officer, based upon the current necessities. In this connection we recall a paragraph of a circular (No. 2.) issued by the Commissary General in 1880, which authorizes the sale of subsistence stores to enlisted men in reasonable quantities for the use of themselves and their families where the state of the supplies will justify it.

H. B., Jr., asks: 1. What is the meaning of a Reserve Force? Ans.—The reserve of a nation is that force upon which the national defence is thrown when its regular armies have failed in securing its safety. This reserve may be the *levée en masse* of the whole adult population, or it may consist of a smaller section of the people duly trained to arms. The latter is, of course, the preferable system, when the arms of scientific modern warfare are to be brought into action.

2. If the artillery is increased to seven regiments, how will it be officered? Ans.—See Senate bill 1351 (Hawley), published in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL of Dec. 21, 1889, page 329.

TACTICAL DECISION.

WHEN TO RETURN SWORDS AT REVIEW.

In A. G. O. letter to us of Jan. 16, 1885, it was decided as follows:

"All things being in readiness for the review, the reviewing officer advances a few paces toward the colonel, and halts when the colonel faces about and commands 'present arms,' faces to the front and salutes. The reviewing officer acknowledges the salute, etc., after which the colonel faces about and commands 'carry arms,' and faces again to the front. * He will then return his sword and join the reviewing officer, who has started for the right of the line."

This, however, was superseded by the decision published in A. G. O. Circular 5, of June 10, 1887, as follows:

"On the parade for review of a brigade or battalion, or

other body of troops less than a brigade, the commanding officer, when presenting his command to the reviewing officer, will have his sword drawn, and all officers of the command on parade will likewise have their swords drawn. The swords will remain drawn throughout the review, and will not be sheathed until the parade is dismissed. The commanding officer of the troops to remain at attention in front of his command, facing to the front while the reviewing party passes around the lines. For the review of a body of troops greater than a single brigade, it should be left to the general commanding to arrange all details so as to conform to the existing situation."

This latter decision was reiterated in A. G. O. Circular of Sept. 6, 1887, in connection with para. 815 and 820, Infantry Tactics.

In letter to us of March 14, 1890, Adjutant-General of the Army Kelton further informs us that the decision published June 10, 1887, supercedes that communicated to us in 1885. Therefore, it follows that on the review of a brigade or battalion, etc., the swords will remain drawn throughout the review and will not be sheathed until the parade is dismissed."

ORDNANCE NOTES.

The local papers report the successful firing, on March 14, of dynamite shells from a Blakesley gun captured at Charleston in 1863 and now located at Perryville Falls, near Canastota, N. Y. First a shell weighing 280 lbs. and charged with 5 1/2 lbs. of dynamite was fired with 12 lbs. of powder; with a second shell 20 lbs. of powder were used, and in the third the dynamite was increased to 8 1/2 lbs. and the powder charge to 25 lbs. Finally a 350 lbs. shell, loaded "with nearly 14 lbs. of the best dynamite," was fired with 35 lbs. of powder. The cartridge used is the invention of Dr. Justin. It consists of a graduated compressed air cushion, which protects the dynamite from explosion when the gun is discharged.

The question of reduced calibres and smokeless powder for small arms is receiving the serious at-

tention of our ordnance officials. The Ordnance Bureau of the Navy Department has arranged for the importation of several types of the best kinds of small arms of reduced calibre in use by foreign Governments, with a variety of samples of smokeless powder especially adapted for each. These are to be thoroughly tested at an early date at the Annapolis Proving Grounds, with the view to the adoption of a new standard small arm and powder for the Naval Service. The Army is also making a move in this direction, and, with samples on hand and underway, expect to find something suitable to replace the old Springfield.

It is unfortunate that the guns of the *Vesuvius* were not tried with dynamite, as the contract calls for the use of that explosive. Gun cotton is far easier to handle and is less likely to explode prematurely, and has the general reputation of being not quite as powerful an explosive as dynamite.

Lieut. Graydon sends us the following despatch: "Broadway Chambers, Westminster, London, S.W., March 4th, 1890.—Dear Mr. Graydon: I am assured on the highest authority (that of the Minister of War, Mr. Stanhope) that no Zaislaski guns have been ordered. Yours truly, E. J. REED, M. P."

A RECENT order from a prominent manufacturer calls for a quantity of "Aluminium." At a late club meeting in a large New England city a capitalist inquired as to the precise object of the "aluminum factory" just built at Bridgeport; whereupon a Yale graduate gravely assured him that the best factory of that sort was located at New Haven. The money king innocently, but aptly, replied that "if the Bridgeport article was no better than that produced at New Haven, he thought it would hardly find a market." He had been misled by the common mispronunciation of "aluminium."

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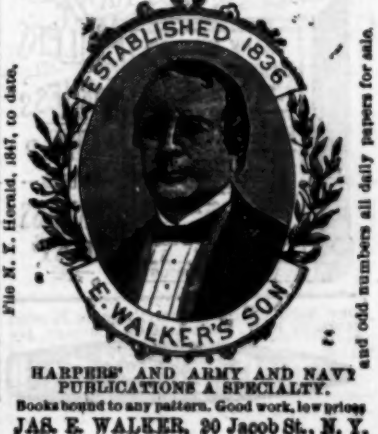
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FOREIGN ITEMS.

In the brand new French Cabinet, M. de Freycinet is Minister of War, and M. Barbey, Minister of Marine.

QUEEN VICTORIA has sent a magnificent silver punch bowl to the officers of the Prussian regiment of dragoons of which she is Colonel, and she also intends to present the regiment with her portrait.

LONDON *Truth* states that the new rifle with which the German Army is now being armed is the third which has been adopted by the army at Berlin since the summer of 1871, and each change has involved an expenditure of 110,000,000 marks.

It is reported from England that men are anxious to serve with Lord Charles Beresford in the *Undaunted* as they were to fight under Nelson. It is further said that "Charlie" Beresford has had his pick of officers and men, which number, all told, 490 men. The *Undaunted* is to be attached, nominally, to the Mediterranean squadron, but with a roving commission. The cruiser is now in commission.

A LONDON gossip writes: "It is believed if the Prince of Wales could have his way in the matter, he would marry his eldest son to an American girl. He is said to have remarked on several occasions, that he thought it might be wise all around to unite the royal family with one of the oldest and wealthiest families in New York. The Prince of Wales is exceedingly democratic. But his mamma is not."

POSSIBLY to show how fertile the French soldier is in the way of resource, M. Edmond de Goncourt relates the following sensational incident in the fourth volume of his "Journal," just printed: "During the Franco-German War, the wheel of a gun got out of order, and an artillery officer directed that it should be greased. Being unable to find any grease, one of the gunners went up to a 'slovenly, unhandsome corpse,' split the skull with his axe, took out the brains, and clapped them, all hot, on the wheel." This is very horrible if true, and is very powerful if it be fiction, and might be recommended to Mr. Rider Haggard.

THE future of Lord Wolsley must come under consideration within a few months, says the *London World*, as his extended tenure of office will expire this summer, and it is not probable he will remain longer at the Horse Guards. That he will go out into the cold is, of course, impossible. But what will he be given? Not India, surely. It is too late for him to again take up Indian service, even in the highest post. There is nothing good enough for him nearer home except Ireland. And by this, a natural process of exhaustion, it may be very safely assumed that Lord Wolsley, on vacation of the Adjutant-Generalship, will succeed Prince Edward in Dublin as Commander-in-Chief.

A BERLIN despatch says: "Prince Bismarck's resignation of the Chancellorship was accepted by the Emperor at noon of March 18, and the Emperor has appointed Gen. von Caprivi, Commander of the Tenth Army Corps, to the Chancellorship."

HIS DOUBLE CHARACTER.

A PRETTY good story is told of a colonel of volunteers. It is said that when the individual referred to first presented himself on military to his wife and little daughter, the latter, after gazing at him in wonder for a few minutes, turned to her mother and exclaimed:

"Why, ma, that's not a real soldier—it's pa!"—*London Tid-Bits.*

TALK of Yankee smartness! While the anti-English rage was wildest in Portugal a new-style hat appeared, called the "Serpa Pinto." It went like hot cakes, and the dealers made fortunes out of it, until it was discovered that it was made by shrewd English manufacturers, who had filled their pockets out of Portuguese hatred of England.

SNODGRASS—Emperor William has trouble with his ears again, I see.
Snively—His side ears or his frontiers?—*Judge.*

PATENTS FOR MILITARY INVENTIONS.

A SELECTED list of patents reported especially for the U. S. ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL by U. A. SAOY and Co., Patent Attorneys, opposite Patent Office, Washington, D.C., all bearing date of March 11:

T. Nordenfeldt, Westminster, England, breech mechanism for ordnance.

S. Barton, New York, N. Y., self-destructive torpedo vessel.

S. H. Emmens, Harrison, N. Y., explosive.

G. H. Fox, Boston, Mass., lock for fire-arms.

F. M. Brown, Warren, R. I., horizontal marine engine.

J. W. Jones, New York, N. Y., anchor alarm and tide-telltale.

M. B. Fletcher, Boston, Mass., tide signal.

A. J. Mauermaun, Houston, Tex., submarine channel protection.

W. F. Mills, San Francisco, Cal., device for loading ships.

CATARRH.

CATARRHAL DEAFNESS—HAY FEVER.

A NEW HOME TREATMENT.

SUFFERERS are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and eustachian tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact, and the result of this discovery is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, catarrhal

deafness and hay fever are permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient once in two weeks.

N. B.—This treatment is not a snuff or an ointment; both have been discarded by reputable physicians as injurious. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent free on receipt of stamp to pay postage, by A. H. Dixon and Son, 337 and 339 West King Street, Toronto, Canada.—*Christian Advocate.*

Sufferers from Catarrhal troubles should carefully read the above.

If you would smoke a 5c. Cigar that does not leave a bitter taste in your mouth, just try "Tansill's Punch."

"Now, let good digestion wait on appetite, and health on both," is a favorite toast after taking ANGOSTURA BITTERS. Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, M'f'rs.

BERCHAM'S PILLS cure sick-headache.

BIRTHS.

LLOYD.—At Washington, D. C., March 9, to the wife of Lieut. E. Lloyd, 15th U. S. Inf., a son.

MARRIED.

BARRY—WADE.—At New Bedford, Mass., March 11. Paymaster W. W. BARRY, U. S. N., to Miss NELLIE MEDORA WADE.

HILL—DUTTON.—At New York City, March 15. Ensign FRANK K. HILL, U. S. N., to Miss ANNIE SOUTHWICK DUTTON, daughter of the late Aaron H. Dutton, of Cincinnati.

DIED.

BACON.—At Los Angeles, Cal., March 7, FRANCIS H. BACON, formerly acting ensign, U. S. N.

BROWN.—At Westchester, Pa., March 19, REBECCA T. BROWN, widow of Col. W. Harvey Brown, U. S. A.

DAVISON.—At Englewood, Ill., March 13, SHANNON, aged 1 year and 5 months, only son of Lieut. L. P. Davison, 11th Infantry.

HENDERSON.—At Norfolk, Va., March 13, Mrs. SARAH P. HENDERSON, widow of Commander James L. Henderson, U. S. Navy.

HEWES.—At Norfolk, Va., March 18, Assistant Naval Constructor CHAS. H. HEWES, U. S. N.

JENKS.—At St. Paul, March 16, Captain JONATHAN R. JENKS, an employee of the Q. M. D., U. S. A.

McMANUS.—At Portsmouth, Va., March 14, Mate JOHN McMANUS, U. S. N.

NORTON.—At Brooklyn, N. Y., March 13, of acute nephritis, CHARLES FREDERICK, JR., infant son of Lieut. and Mrs. C. F. Norton, U. S. N.

POTTER.—At Brooklyn, N. Y., March 21, Captain REUBEN M. POTTER, U. S. A., retired.

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E. HINDS, A. M., Princ'l.

West Point, N. Y., March 19th, 1890. Sealed Proposals, in triplicate, subject to usual conditions, will be received here until 12 o'clock noon, April 19th, 1890, and then opened, for furnishing such Fuel, Forage and Straw, as may be required here during fiscal year commencing July 1st, 1890. The U. S. reserves the right to reject any or all proposals. Preference given to articles of domestic production, conditions of quality and price (including in the price of foreign productions the duty thereon) being equal. All information furnished upon application here. Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for Fuel," [or "Forage and Straw,"] at West Point, New York, and addressed to the undersigned. CHAS. W. WILLIAMS, Captain and Asst. Quartermaster, U. S. Army.

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Mention this paper.

PROPOSALS for Army Supplies—Office Purchasing and Depot Commissary, Army Building, No. 39 Whitehall street, New York City, March 6, 1890. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received at this office, until 10 o'clock, a. m., on Monday, April 7, 1890, for furnishing such supplies as may be required by the Subsistence Department, United States Army. Subsistence Stores—Flour, Beans, Green Rio Coffee, Tea, Extra "C" and Cut Leaf Sugar, Shoe Blacking, Brushes, Edam Cheeses, Safety Matches, Pineapples, Sardines, Toilet Soap, Plug Tobacco, Tomatoes, etc., etc. Subsequent Properly—Information in scheduling list. Preference given to all articles of domestic production and manufacture—for such details see schedule. Information with conditions, lists of articles, quantities, kinds, modes of packing, etc., obtained at this office. The right is reserved to reject any or all proposals. Envelopes containing bids should be marked "Proposals for Subsistence Supplies, opened April 7, 1890," and addressed to the undersigned, G. BELL, A. C. G. S., U. S. A.

PROPOSALS FOR FRESH BEEF—Head-Quarters Department of the East—Office Chief Commissary of Subsistence, Governor's Island, New York Harbor, March 15th, 1890.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, with a copy of this advertisement attached, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, noon, on Tuesday, April 16th, 1890, and then opened in the presence of bidders, for furnishing and delivering the fresh beef required by the Subsistence Department, U. S. Army, at Forts Columbus, Hamilton, Schuyler, Wadsworth and Wood, N. Y. Harbor, for issue to troops thereat during the fiscal year commencing July 1st, 1890. Sealed proposals, subject to the same conditions, will also be received until the date and hour above specified at the office of the Acting Commissary of Subsistence of each of those posts for the fresh beef for that particular post only, to be opened by the A. C. S. at the time above specified. Proposals must be separate for each post named. Proposals must be accompanied with a guarantee signed by two responsible persons, the guarantors to justify in the following sums, viz: for Fort Columbus, \$2,500; for Fort Hamilton, \$2,500; for Fort Schuyler, \$1,000; for Fort Wadsworth, \$1,500; for Fort Wood, \$500. A proposal not accompanied by such a guarantee will not be considered. Proposals must be enclosed in a sealed envelope marked "Proposals for fresh beef." Those to be received and opened at this office to be addressed to the undersigned; those to be received and opened at the office of an A. C. S. to be addressed to the A. C. S. of the post. The contract for fresh beef shall not be construed to involve the United States in any obligation for payment in excess of appropriation granted by Congress for the purpose. Full information may be obtained by application to this office, or to the office of the A. C. S. of the post above named. Preference will be given to articles of domestic production or manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including in the price of foreign productions or manufactures the duty thereon) being equal. The Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids. M. F. SMALL, Chief Commissary.

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., March 10, 1890.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to usual conditions, will be received here until 12 o'clock, a. m., (central standard time), Thursday, the 10th day of April, 1890, for furnishing at the Quartermaster's store, such as Stationery, Hammers, Heating Stoves, Miscellaneous hardware, etc. Preference will be given to articles of domestic production or manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including in the price of foreign productions or manufactures the duty thereon) being equal. Government reserves the right to reject any or all proposals, and to accept the whole or any part of the supplies bid for. All information furnished on application to this office. Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for Quartermaster's Stores," and addressed to BENJAMIN C. HODGES, Assistant Quartermaster General, U. S. Army, Depot Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS FOR ARTESIAN WELL.—Office A. A. Q. M., Fort Schuyler, N. Y. H., February 25th, 1890.—Sealed proposals in triplicate for constructing an artesian well at Fort Schuyler, N. Y. H., will be received at this office, until 12 M., on Thursday, March 27th, 1890, and then opened. The Government reserves the right to reject any or all proposals. Specifications, blank forms and full information furnished on application to undersigned. Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for Artesian Well," and addressed to CHARLES D. WHITELER, 3d Lieut, 5th Art'y, A. A. Q. M.

NEW YORK DEPOT of the Quartermaster's Department, Army Building, Whitehall St., New York City, March 15th, 1890.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, subject to usual conditions, will be received here until 12 o'clock, M., April 17th, 1890, and then opened for furnishing at this Depot the Quartermaster's Stores such as Stationery, Iron Barrels, C and Baskets, Sheet Iron, Solder, Brushes, Horse shoes, Nails, &c., specified on schedule to be seen and had at this office. Bids for delivery at other points will also be entertained. The United States reserves the right to reject any or all proposals or any part thereof or to accept, as may be most advantageous to the department. Preference will be given to articles of domestic production or manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including in the price of foreign productions and manufactures the duty thereon) being equal. Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for Quartermaster's Stores to be opened April 17th, 1890," and addressed to H. N. BATCHELDER, Deputy Quartermaster General, U. S. A.

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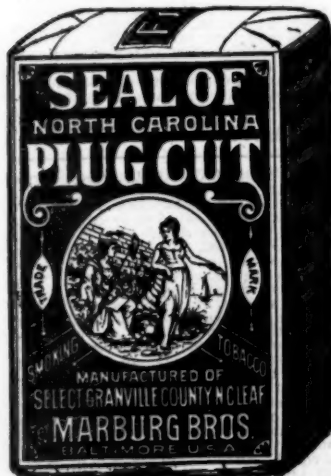
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